The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1901. NO. 10.

THE STATEMENT IS MADE that Inventor Edison the great master of electrical science, has realized the dream of electricians by the invention of an ideal storage battery. The statement does not come from Mr. Edison directly, but from persons who profess to know all about his work. It is declared that the Edison storage battery is of comparatively little weight and is compact, easily and cheaply charged and able retain its power for a long time, besides being free from the danger of overcharging. The claim is made for this, as for Tesla's in vention, that coal will not longer be needed for ships, the construction of which will be revolutionized, and that steam engines will be abandoned. "There will be no more trolley lines, locomotives will move silently, gaslight will vanish, coal will not be needed for domestic heating or cooking, motors will be in every house and plows will be run by electricity." Such are some of the alleged sequences of the invention. In short, Mr. Edison is said to have perfected a means which will revolutionize our ways of living. Doubters are rebuked by a statement of what has been already accomplished since the telephone appeared as a toy at the Philadelphia exposition and the first trolley road was operated at Richmond in 1888.

A NEW PHASE of the question of insular citizenship comes up at San Francisco, where two Chinamen from Honolulu claim the right to land on the ground that they are citizens of Hawaii, and therefore of the United States, and so not subject to the Chinese exclusion act.

This point seems on the face of it to be well t[a]ken. Hawaii is not a mere military dependency. It has been form[ed] and by treaty and incorporated as an organized Territory of the United States. If these Chinamen are naturalized citizens of Hawaii, how can they be excluded from the United States?

The law concerning Chinamen and their naturalization has been confused by various rulings, and the annexation of Hawaii has added some new elements to the question. The new Republican doctrine seems to be that all yellow men, brown men and men of other shades than white or black, if not all men that do not speak English, belong to "subject races," and have no rights but such as may be graciously accorded them by Congress. This is a convenient theory when confined to our insular possessions, but it may be embarrassing when it is brought near home.

THERE IS NO DOUBT the stamp taxes were the most vexatious of the war revenue law made when we commenced hostilities with Spain. After the 1st of July next the country will be emancipated from them. They created comparatively little revenue, but were a source of great vexation and trouble. After June 30, under the revenue reduction law, it will not be necessary to put stamps on telegrams, checks, money orders, express receipts, leases, promissory notes, mortgages, insurance policies and real estate conveyances where the consideration is under $2.500. The tax on legacies was repealed so far as gifts to charitable, literary, religious or educational institutions are concerned. There are other stamp taxes, like the one on freight receipts, which could have been repealed had it not been necessary to take care of the brewers and the tobacco manufacturers. They are to get one-half of the reduction of about $41,000,000.

AFTER VICE PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT was sworn into office by President pro tem. Frye, of Maine, his first act after his brief and highly strenuous and seasoned inaugural was to call the new Senate to order in extra session. On the Democratic side among the new Senators are recognized some strong accessions in Blackburn of Kentucky, Bailey of Texas, Dubois of Idaho, Patterson of Colorado and Carmack of Tennessee. Millionaire Clark, of Montana, was also sworn in. He has the laugh on Chandler, of New Hampshire, his most bitter assailant, who walked out as Clark walked in for a full term. There were two vacancies in the Senate from Delaware and Nebraska, and one from Montana, so that the body consists of 85 members instead of the full number of 90. The election of Gibson, Democrat, from Montana last week, makes the number of Senators elected eighty-six.

THE EDUCATIONAL INTERESTS of the State, entirely free from partisan influence and standing for the best that can be done for the public schools, have made a strong but unavailing effort to have Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer reappointed State superintendent of public schools when his term expires next month. Governor Stone has indicated his purpose to make a political appointment by naming State Librarian George E. Reed, a Methodist clergyman. Dr. Schaeffer is a Lancaster county man. He was appointed to his present position by Governor Robert E. Pattison. In 1897 he was reappointed by Governor Daniel H. Hastings on the ground of his demonstrated ability and usefulness in the position. Dr. Reed came to this State, being a native of Maine, in 1889, as president of Dickinson college. For campaign services he was made State Librarian by Governor Stone.

AS TO THE EXTRAVAGANCE of the Congress that has just come to an end there is no difference of opinion. It has been denounced by leading Republicans of the Senate and House, but as the party was on the side of profligacy in voting away the public money the opposition of these Republicans and their warnings had no effect. The same with the Republican press. Its leading journals have denounced the extravagance as without justification or defense. But it went through all the same. The party as a party is responsible. Says the New York "Sun," now a stalwart Republican organ: "The Republican party will be attacked, and justly, for the Republican party is responsible for the size of the appropriations."

Centre Hill.

The sale of J. B. Royer was fairly well attended Tuesday.

Marion Thompson, of Stormstown, spent some time last week visiting his friend Miss Lydia Smith.

A. C. Ripka and son attended the horse sale at Millheim last Monday.

A. R. Lee who is moving into the tenant house on the old Sparr farm, has been hauling some of his goods.

Morris Burkholder took a jolly sled load to Swartz's store one day last week.

James Moyer, of Tusseyville, was in town Monday on official business.

Mrs. Susan Burkholder and son John, of Milroy, attended the sale of J. B. Royer.

Pine Grove Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. David Reed are among the grip victims.

Dr. George Woods handles the ribbons over a newly purchased driver.

Grandmother Mary Gates is recovering from an attack of heart trouble. She is being attended by her daughter Mrs. Harry Erb, of York State.

Miss Sallie Everhart is confined to her bed suffering with stomach trouble and grip.

Miss Jennie Hunter is ill with grip, and threatened with pneumonia.

ARGUMENT ENDS ON SCHOOL FUND.

The Supreme Court Will Now Decide Whether Governor Stone Had the Power to Reduce It $1,000,000.

Final argument on the veto power of the Governor was made in the Supreme Court Monday, to which tribunal an appeal was taken from the Centre County Common Pleas Court regarding the $11,000,000 appropriated for public schools. The matter was held under advisement.

The school district of Patton Township, Centre County, had applied for a mandamus to procure a proportionate part of the $11,000,000, which appropriation Governor Stone had cut down $1,000,000.

W. E. Grey and C. Tyson Kratz, counsel for Patton and other school districts, argued that the Governor's constitutional authority to veto was plainly prescribed in the disapproval of a bill in whole and any "item of any bill making appropriations of money, embracing distinct item." No judicial decision has been given on the precise meaning of "item" but it was urged that the reduction of an appropriation was in violation of the Constitution.

Attorney General John P. Elkin, representing State Treasurer James E. Barnett, declared that the Constitution required that no debt could be created to exceed $1,000,000 and it was therefore the Governor's duty to see that appropriations do not cause a deficiency in revenue beyond that limitation. Public policy and expediency also influence the Governor's action, it was said, and he had therefore the power to disapprove of a "part" or an item of the bill.

Work Done at the Capital.

The following bills passed both houses at Harrisburg:

To establish interstate comity in teachers' licenses.

A bill passed by the Senate last week prohibits coloring of oleo and allows injunctions against dealers who are accused of violating the law.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Prohibiting transportation companies from carrying excursion parties on Sunday. The attorney general, upon information, must bring suit against violators, and the penalty on conviction is $500 fine for each violation.

Senator McKee, of Mifflin county, distinguished himself in the Senate last week by introducing a measure authorizing the county commissioners to take, maintain and assume control of township and borough bridges over forty feet in length; providing for the rebuilding of any bridges which may be destroyed and the building of new bridges.

BILLS READ IN PLACE.

To protect the employes of any individual, firm, partnership, co-partnership, association or corporation in their right to form, join or belong to labor organizations.

Fixing a penalty of $10 to $50 or ninety days' imprisonment for any merchant, manufacturer, importer, retailer or dealer or their agents, salesmen or employes in any kinds of merchandise to give a customer any ticket, check, trading or premium stamp or other token or memorandum entitling such purchaser to receive any money or any article of value as inducements to purchasers to the injury of legitimate business.

THE ASSESSORS' WORK.

The Valuation in Centre County Depreciated $280,000 in Three Years.

From the asessors' return it will be seen that the valuation of property in Centre County according to the best judgment of the various appraisers, has depreciated since 1897 from $10,853,380 to $10,586,303 in 1901, or a total loss of $280,347. The greatest depreciation is in real estate, which sum is $267,077.

The number of horses diminished 141 less than three years ago, and neat cattle were reduced by 283. Every total is reduced since 1897, including money at interest, except the valuation of stages and omnibuses, which is increased by $383. The figures are as follows:

	1901	1897
No. of taxables	14,867	
Cleared land, No. of acres	235,287	197,712
Timber land, No. of acres	140,587	142,253
Value of real estate exempt from taxation	$1,681,125	1,616,620
Value of all real estate taxable	10,586,303	10 853,380
No. of horses and mules	7,849	7,990
Value of same	$302,155	294,474
No. of neat cattle over four years old	7 027	7,265
Value of same	$116,398	119,681
Value of salaries and occupations	$468,264	483,986
Aggregate value of all taxable property for county purposes	$11,471,124	11,751,471
Amount of money at interest	2,694 379	2,619,197
Value of stages, omnibuses, etc	$1943	3,560
No. of sale dogs	3,089	
No. of female dogs	155	

Cow's Strange Diet.

A valuable cow belonging to Mahlon Hoffmaster, at Oley Line, Berks county, died recently. For several weeks past the cow had no appetite, and a post mortem was made to ascertain if possible the animal's ailment. The stomach of the cow was found to be filled with nails, screws, small pieces of scrap iron and wire.

DEATHS.

Prominent Citizens of Centre County Called to Rest

MRS. HENRY BECK.

Mrs. Beck, widow of Henry Beck, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Yearick, near Madisonburg. Interment will take place in the cemetery connected with the new Yearick church this, Thursday, afternoon. Mrs. Beck was aged eighty-two years, and her death was caused by paralysis. Her husband preceded her to the grave about twelve years ago. Before her marriage to Mr. Beck she was married to Mr. Royer. Two children survive her, namely, Mrs. Frank Yearick, Madisonburg, and Henry Royer, east of Rebersburg.

MARGARET LINGLE.

Margaret, the bright little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Lingle, of Lemont, died last Thursday, with measles, after a brief illness. Margaret was an unusually bright little girl and appeared to be in the best of health until a few days previous to her death. She was taken suddenly ill and notwithstanding all that medical science and careful attention could do was done for her, she was taken away. Mr. and Mrs. Lingle have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

JOHN DIETZEL.

John Dietzel died Thursday morning, March 7th, at the old homestead, near Tusseyville, aged eighty-one years, one month, and fifteen days. He was a native of Zeil, Bavaria, Germany, from whence he emigrated some sixty odd years ago, and settled in Philadelphia; after some few years he settled near the old home.

He leaves a widow and six children, viz: Josephine, Clara, and Hulda, in Bellefonte; Mary in Jeanette, Sadie, at home, and Samuel, of Cavetown, Md.

The funeral services were conducted on Monday morning by Rev. Mr Kershner, of the Reformed church. Interment in the Union cemetery at Tusseyville.

MRS. CATHARINE HOLT.

Mrs. Catharine Holt, wife of D. W. Holt, of Philipsburg, died at her home in that place Thursday of last week. Deceased was a sister of Mrs. Matilda Dale, of Lemont.

GEORGE GARDNER.

George Gardner, formerly of Rock Springs, this county, died at Pittsburg, aged twenty-nine years. He was a son of Mrs. Wilson Gardner, of Rock Springs. The remains were interred in the Graysville cemetery.

MRS. JOHN SUMMERS.

Ella V., wife of John Summers, died at her home in Philipsburg, after an illness of eight weeks. She leaves a husband and family of seven children. Deceased was a daughter of W. T. Thomas, of Blue Ball, and was aged thirty-six years.

TOUR TO WASHINGTON.

Special Four-Day Personally-Conducted Trip via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Special Four-day Personally-conducted Tour to Washington on Monday, April 1, from Central Pennsylvania, offers an excellent opportunity to visit the National Capital satisfactorily and at a delightful season. The experience of the tourist agent who accompanies the party enables him to plan the tour of the city with the least possible waste of time.

Special train will be run from Wilkesbarre through to Washington; connecting trains will leave at time indicated below, and round-trip tickets, covering transportation, hotel accommodations from dinner on date of tour until after luncheon on April 4, will be at rates given:—

	Train Leaves.		Rate.
Catbondale	7.06	A. M.	$15 00
Scranton	7 48	"	14 37
Pittston	8.16	"	14 00
Wilkesbarre (special train)	8.45	"	13 60
Renovo	6 45	"	14 50
Williamsport	8 30	"	12 93
Bellefonte	6.40	"	14 00
Sunbury (special train)	10.50	"	11 74
Lykens	7.24	"	11 35
Altoona	7 10	"	14 00
Tyrone	7.43	"	13 09
Huntingdon	8.35	"	13 05
Chambersburg	9.45	"	10 35
Harrisburg (special train)	12.35	P. M.	10 10
Lancaster (via York)	10 41	A. M.	10 10
Columbia	11.30	"	9 80
York (special train)	1.35	P. M.	9 30
Ar. Washington	4 20	"	

Proportionate rates from intermediate stations.

Returning, special train will leave Washington at 3 30 P. M., Thursday, April 4 Passengers from points west of Williamsport, and from Dewart, Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Mifflinburg, Selinsgrove, Lykens, Dillsburg, Lebanon, Lancaster, Columbia, Wrightsville, and points on the Shamokin Division will use regular trains from Washington returning. All tickets will be good to return also on regular traips until April 11, inclusive.

Guides to Washington will be distributed free on the train.

For rates and time of trains from intermediate stations, itineraries, tickets, and full information apply to ticket agents; E. S. Harrar, Division Ticket Agent, Williamsport, Pa.; Tourist Agent, 44 Public Square, Wilkesbarre, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE.

Report of the Conference—Partial List of Appointments.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the United Evangelical church, in session at Red Lion, York County, adjourned Tuesday.

The managing board of the Church Extension Society was authorized to purchase the Presbyterian church offered at Mifflinburg.

The matter of the erection of a parsonage at Altoona was referred to the managing board and the trustees of Altoona Mission for favorable consideration.

Rev. I. S. Frainer was appointed to receive the charitable collections; Rev. J. F. Shultz the general church extension collection, and Rev. J. S. Baumgardner, the foreign missionary contributions. Rev. P. C. Weidemyer was elected treasurer of funds for conference extension.

The reports indicated progress along all lines, especially the missionary, $16,000 having been collected during the year, or $3,000 more than any previous year. Rev. S. L. Wiest addressed the conference in the interest of the publishing house. The gross earnings of the house for the year ending September 1, 1900, were over $60,000.

Lewisburg, Pa., was declared the banner charge, having contributed an average of $4.17 per capita for missions. Carlisle is second with $2.83 per capita. Rev. Jacob Hartzler was re-elected delegate to the board of missions.

Centre District—S. P. Reemer, presiding elder. Milesburg, P. A. Smith; Bellefonte, W. H. Brown; Howard, I. N. Bair; Nittany, J. A. Foss; Sugar Valley, L. Dice; Rebersburg, N. J. Dubs; Centre Hall, J. F. Shultz; Spring Mills, S. E. Koontz; Millheim H. W. Buck; Millmont, J. M. Price; Mifflinburg, C. C. Mizener; Buffalo, A. S. Baumgardner; New Berlin, W. N. Wallis; Centreville, S. Aungand; Middleburg, J. Shambach; McClure, A. D. Gramley; Port Treverton, H. T. Searle; Lewistown, C. H. Goodling; Patterson, J. Womeldorf. Prof. A. E. Goble, president of Central Pennsylvania Collge; R. E. Wilson and C. W. Guinter, members of New Berlin; S. E. Davis, member of Port Treverton, and J. Joseph, member of Lewistown Quarterly Conference.

Lewisburg District—N. Young, presiding elder. Lewisburg, J. W. Thompson.

Williamsport District—E. Crumbling, presiding elder. Williamsport, St. Paul's, G. W. Carrin; Jersey Shore, C. L. Sones; Lock Haven, J. F. Dunlap; Lock Haven Circuit, J. B. Sechrist; W. W. Rhoads, Grover, Bradford County.

That Judicial Plum.

Judge Love, of Centre, and Judge Archbald, of Lackawanna county, are rival candidates for appointment to the judgship of the newly created Middle District Federal Court of Pennsylvania. Both are Quay adherents.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Mrs. Katharine Bierly, of Rebersburg, who is some ninety years of age, Friday of last week, was stricken with paralysis and is entirely helpless. She is the oldest lady in that section of the county, and her condition is such that her recovery is very improbable.

Mrs. Simon P. Moyer Dead.

Lottie C., wife of Simon P. Moyer, died at her home in Womelsdorf, Pa. Interment will take place Friday a. m. Mrs. Moyer is well known to many of the people about Centre Hall, having lived on the farm now owned by M. J. Decker, who will greatly regret to hear of her death. Her age was about forty-five.

Received a Call.

Rev. John H. Keller, son of James A. Keller, of near this place, last Sunday preached a trial sermon at Mt. Pleasant, North Carolina, and later was given an opportunity to accept or reject becoming the regular pastor of the charge. Rev. Keller is a graduate of Franklin and Marshall College and will graduate from the Theological Seminary at Lancaster in May.

Public Sale.

Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, will sell at his residence, Rhoneymede, three miles west of Old Fort, ninety head of live stock, embracing Morgan and French Coach horses and colts, Holstein cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire swine, also farm implements. While these animals have not been registered they have been bred from registered sires for three and four generations. A rare opportunity to buy well bred stock. Sale begins at 10 a. m., March 29th, 1901.

Centre Hall Students Honored.

A. M. Arney, of this place, has recently been appointed as one of the five commencement speakers of the class of 1901 at Pennsylvania State College. The speakers are appointed from their class standing and previous grades in essays and rhetoricals. There are fifty-three members in the class of 1901, and to be chosen as one of the five speakers speaks well for Mr. Arney.

Miss Grace Alexander, daughter of Dr. J. F. Alexander, is one of the honor students of the graduating class.

The Reporter congratulates these young people on the distinction conferred upon them.

Died from Paralysis.

Mrs. Lizzie Keller died at the home of her son William, in Madisonburg, Sunday evening, from the effects of a paralytic stroke received some time previous. Interment was made this, Thursday forenoon at the Yearick church, near Madisonburg. Her age was about sixty years. Mrs. O. T. Corman, of Spring Mills, is the only surviving daughter; the sons who survive are Harry, Zion; Adam, Aaronsburg, and William, Madisonburg.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Verses to Memorize.

See that little sunbeam
Darting through the room,
Lighting up the darkness,
Scattering the gloom.
Let me be a sunbeam
Everywhere I go,
Making glad and happy
Every one I know.

"Water, water, every where."

See Grant Hoover, Bellefonte, before you insure.

If you are in need of phosphate consult D. W. Bradford.

John Snyder will move to the orebank farm west of Centre Hall.

Rural mail delivery is being installed in many sections of Pennsylvania.

By a resolution the Lewistown town council abolished the curb market in that town.

Col John A. Woodward has finished his course of lectures at the farmers institutes in the western part of the state and returned to his home at Howard recently.

John C. Ross, night engineer for the Lewistown and Reedsville Electric Railway, was found dead at his post of duty Monday morning. Death was the result of heart failure.

Easter Sunday, April 7th, is the date fixed upon for the reopening of the remodeled Methodist Episcopal church at Bellefonte. Bishop Fowler and Rev. Dr. Spencer will both be present.

The Lock Haven Daily Democrat is one of the up to date dailies of the interior of the state, and furnishes a great amount of local news in each issue. The people of Clinton county should give such a daily their most hearty support.

Landlord Decker, of the St. Elmo Hotel, at Pine Grove Mills, has purchased the Judge McWilliams farm, near Pennsylvania Furnace, where he will try his hand raising big crops and blooded stock. Frank Thomas will be the farmer.

Dr. John B. Krebs turned the key on his dental parlors at Northumberland for a weeks' visit among old friends at Pine Grove Mills. His wife continued her journey to Tyrone where she will visit her sick sister, Miss Sadie Rosencrans.

Col. Jred Reynolds will not have a monopoly in goat farming in Central Pennsylvania. One thousand goats the other day arrived at Tiadaghton, near Jersey Shore, and will be quartered in the Pine Creek region. Mr. Putnam, of Wellsboro, is the promoter of the scheme.

Herbert Reigle, who had his foot crushed at the Standard Steel works, died at his home in Lewistown, of gangrene. The injured member was amputated the day after the accident, and later a second operation was performed, but the disease could not be arrested.

There was a slight fire on the second floor of the Brockerhoff house early Thursday morning of last week. The fire was caused by a lace curtain coming in contact with a gas jet. The inmates of the house were promptly alarmed and the flames extinguished before much damage was done.

County Superintendent Gramley recently stated that more public school teachers resigned during the present school term to accept other positions than had done so any previous year. This is an intimation that there are other occupations with better salaries which attract many of the best school teachers.

Beech Creek is having a mad dog scare, and during the past week many of the dogs in that section were killed. "Mad dog," or rabies, whichever you please to call it, is pronounced a hoax by many of the most learned men in medical science, yet it accomplishes one good thing, it reduces the worthless dogs materially.

Judging from the number of farmers who haul their milk to the creamery at this place, and the number of milk cans each one has with him, the milk crop must have materially increased during the past few years. The product of the cow seems to be the only profitable output on the farm these days. Since the installation of the modern creamery the drudgery of dairying has been eliminated.

Landlord J. S. Reish, of the Potters Mills hotel, was in town on business Friday. Mr. Reish is one of those landlords who endeavors to keep strictly within the limits of the license laws, and makes it a point to serve his patrons in good style. Mr. and Mrs. Reish will send out shortly a number of invitations to the "Regular Hunting Club" asking them to dine at the popular Potters Mills hotel. The supper will be given in honor of Rev. W. W. Rhoads and family and will be served Friday evening, March 22.

BUILDING BLOWN UP.

Distressing Death of a Number of People in Chicago.

BIG LAUNDRY BOILER EXPLODES.

The Roof was Lifted from the Building, Which Comes Down, Again Causing a General Collapse and Burying the Employes in the Burning Debris--A Number of Charred Remains Have Been Taken Out.

Chicago (Special).—A boiler of the Doremus Laundry, occupying part of the old Waverly Theater Building, on West Madison street, between Throop and Loomis streets, exploded, destroying the building. In a few moments the mass of debris caught fire. Eight bodies have been recovered from the ruins, several persons are still said to be missing, while at least 25 men and girls were so seriously injured that many of them will die.

The most conservative estimate by the police concedes that at least three—dead or alive—are still in the ruins; yet the search for bodies in the ruins came to a sudden end early in the afternoon, and the work of rescue was entirely abandoned.

The cause of the cessation of the search was a dispute between the firemen and police as to who was responsible for the recovery of any bodies which might be concealed beneath the debris. The police said it was not their work to dig for bodies, and nobody else volunteered to do the work.

The explosion took place at a time when many of the employes of the laundry had gone to work, a time register found in the ruins showing that 36 had already reported for duty, while two or three others were known to have just entered the building. Of these hardly one escaped injury of some sort. The working force of the laundry is usually much larger, but none of the ironing women were on duty.

The force of the explosion was so terrific that buildings for blocks around were shaken as if by an earthquake, and hundreds of windows were shattered.

The building in which the explosion occurred was known as the Old Waverly Theater, and was built in 1877. Subsequently it was remodeled, and the rear used by the Doremus Laundry. The part of the auditorium running towards Throop street was used by the Volunteers of America, while the small stores built out from the wings of the auditorium, and facing on Madison street, were rented to shopkeepers. One of the stores was used as the office of the Doremus Laundry, and through this access was had to the laundry. Directly back of the office and in the southwest corner of the building the boiler-room was located.

GEORGIA RAILROAD BUILDING.

Brunswick-Birmingham Road's Big Bond Issue --West Coast Connections.

Brunswick, Ga. (Special). — The Brunswick & Birmingham Railroad has filed a mortgage in favor of the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York to secure $6,750,000 fifty-year 5 per cent. bonds, interest payable semi-annually in gold. These funds will be sufficient to build and equip the road all the way to Birmingham. Work is being vigorously pushed at this end. A report from Birmingham states that the recent combination of the St. Louis and San Francisco lines with the Kansas City, Memphis, and Birmingham system will join in with the Brunswick and Birmingham company, affording the shortest route from Kansas to the Atlantic Seaboard, with Brunswick for the terminus.

Missing Bank Cashier Found.

Niles, Mich. (Special).—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Cashier Charles A. Johnson, of the First National Bank, has been cleared up. Mrs. Johnson returned from Chicago, where, she says, her husband is ill at the home of his brother-in-law. The officers of the bank are satisfied that her story is true. They say that a search of the bank's books shows that not a dollar is missing.

All But Parboiled by Steam.

New Britain, Conn. (Special).—Howard Frost, of Elizabeth, N. J., a mechanical engineer, received terrible scalds while at work in one of the large boilers at the Stanley Works here. Frost was inside the boiler when a steam guage blew out and turned on the full pressure of steam and hot water. He was dragged out by workmen, but not until the entire upper part of his body had been practically parboiled. He is not expected to live.

Two Women His Victims.

Raleigh, N. C. (Special).—Jas. Martindale, a white man, aged twenty-six, six weeks ago near Carthage outraged Mrs. Brown, a young married woman, while she was on her way to teach school. He was brought here to prevent lynching and was in jail here forty days. Two weeks ago he was taken to Carthage. A mob stormed the jail, took him out, and hanged him in the outskirts of town.

Costly Fire at Great Barrington.

Great Barrington, Mass. (Special).—The Mahaiwe Building, the largest business structure in town, was burned, causing a total loss of about $65,000, of which $25,000 is on building and the balance distributed among the numerous tenants. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Million Dollar Exhibit.

Jefferson City, Mo. (Special).—The House passed its own bill appropriating $1,000,000 for Missouri's exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Centennial Exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903. The exhibit will be under the management of a board of nine directors, to be appointed by the Governor.

Lightning Begins Season's Work.

Rochester, N. Y. (Special).—Rochester and vicinity experienced a terrific rainstorm, accompanied by lightning, thunder and wind. The noted Greenleaf stock barn, two miles west of Charlotte, owned by ex-Congressman Greenleaf, was struck by lightning and destroyed, together with 49 head of Jersey cattle, worth $100 each; a valuable stallion and all the farm implements. Loss, 25,000. The barn was the best-equipped in the country and the pet hobby of Colonel Greenleaf.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

Former President Cleveland had a narrow escape while on his ducking boat near the Back Bay Club. A squall struck the boat and the occupants struggled with the wind and waves for two hours.

Miss Ethel Bartholomew, whose suit against Charles J. Parmelee, of Wallingford, Ct., for damages for frightening her, is on trial, is in a trancelike condition that is puzzling the doctors.

Nelson County Judge W. G. Loving and Commonwealth Attorney B. F. Gordon had a desperate fist fight, following a quarrel at the County Courthouse, in Virginia.

Twelve of the crew of the British steamer Campertown were in irons, charged with mutiny, when the steamer arrived at New York from Cuba.

John J. Brookman was arrested at the Masonic Temple, in Brooklyn, in a $50,000 suit for slander, brought against him by Miss Sophie Lagaard.

Thomas Applegate, a New Jersey farmer, was found murdered in his barn. It is supposed that the crime was committed by whitecaps.

The Western and Southwestern States were swept by terrific storms. Some lives were lost and considerable damage done to property.

The armored cruiser New York, with Rear Admiral Rogers on board, sailed for Manila and Hong Kong from Newport News.

The general offices of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Company, in New York, were destroyed by fire.

George H. Phillips, the Chicago "Corn King," is the holder of a line of options on 7,000,000 bushels for May delivery.

John Harrington was arrested in Orange, N. J., on the charge of setting fire to the pest hospital.

Major William W. Herbert, a prominent ex-Confederate, died at his home, in Alexandria, Va.

W. B. Franks, a Confederate veteran, died at his home, in Charlottesville, Va.

Charles Broadway Rouss' offer of $10,000 toward a mortuary chapel in Mount Hebron Cemetery, in Winchester, Va., provided a like amount was raised there, was accepted by the cemetery authorities.

The New Orleans and Western Railroad was sold at auction at New Orleans for $100,000. It is believed that the Morgan syndicate bought it.

Dr. H. M. Lincoln, of Saratoga, N. Y., had Zera Harte and two men arrested for giving him knockout drops in a Norfolk theatre.

The Lehigh Valley Coal Company posted notices that the 10 per cent. increase in wages would be continued for another year.

The First National Bank at Niles, Mich., failed, and Bank Examiner Joseph W. Selden was appointed temporary receiver.

Philip Marlow was tried and acquitted in Newport News, Va., of the charge of offering a bribe to Councilman A. E. Burcher.

Five men were badly scalded by the bursting of two test tubes at the American Iron Works in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Ann R. Perkins was attacked in Manchester, Va., by a negro who wanted to rob her.

Hugo C. Schultze, supposed to be a German baron, was buried in potter's field in Chicago.

Rev. C. H. Tinsley while chopping wood at Huntington, W Va., cut off his hand.

Mrs. Anna Goldwaithe Scott died at her home in Staunton, Va.

Foreign.

Li Hung Chang is again seriously ill, but he and Prince Ching seem to think that they can influence the foreign ministers by spreading rumors of the court's unwillingness to return to Pekin unless certain concessions are granted.

Since the outbreak of bubonic plague in Cape Town there have been 22 deaths and 102 cases. A mob of Malays tried to prevent the removal of a Malay who had been attacked by the disease.

Rumored in Berlin court circles that Earl Roberts "thankfully returned" the decoration conferred by the Emperor on account of the unfavorable comment in the German press.

General Tung Fu Hsiang, with 20,000 men, and Prince Tuan, with 10,000, are at Ning Hsu, prepared to resist the execution of the punishment demanded by the powers.

General von Waldersee reports that Colonel Ledebur's forces stormed a gate of the Great Wall 80 miles west of Pao Ting, Fu, capturing four guns.

Emperor William's wound is healing and his condition is satisfactory.

The correspondent of a German newspaper, who has been traveling in Northern Manchuria, gives facts to substantiate his statements that Manchuria will become an integral part of Russia.

Herr Bebel, Socialist leader, made a vigorous attack in the Reichstag against the imperial government concerning the meat inspection law.

The Dutch troops captured the Achinese fortress at Pajarenbre. Seventy-seven rebels were killed and many were drowned.

The official excommunication of Count Tolstoi was formally published in the organ of the Holy Synod of the Greek Church.

Emperor William's physicians say that the wound in his cheek inflicted by Dietrich Wieland, who struck him with a piece of iron, is about an inch and a half long and penetrates to the bone, but that his general condition is good.

The British government has been assured by the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs that Russia has made no arrangement with the Chinese government of a permanent character concerning Manchuria.

Financial.

The purchases of the Pennsylvania of stocks and bonds in the last year represent a par value of more than $80,000,000.

Imports into Great Britain and Ireland increased £2,000,000 and exports decreased about the same amount in February, 1901, as compared with February, 1900.

The Pennsylvania Steel Company directors declared the regular quarterly dividend on the preferred stock of 1¾ per cent. payable April 15, to stock of record March 30.

FLOODS FOLLOW STORMS.

Sixteen People Killed and Twenty Others Were Injured.

DESTRUCTION AT WILLS POINT.

Buildings Shattered and Their Contents Hurled Through the Air--Little Children Were the Chief Victims of the Storm--The Property Loss is Estimated at Over $50,000.

Washington (Special). — Reports from all sections of the country indicate that one of the most severe storms in some years swept over the Southern and Middle Western States on Saturday and Sunday. In a number of States the loss of life and property was heavy. Wires are down in every direction and the full extent of damage and casualties may not be known for several days. It is known, however, that over 16 persons perished.

Wills Point, Tex. (Special). — A cyclone passed through the west side of this town, demolishing everything in its track. Four people are dead, and about twenty injured. Fourteen dwelling houses are entirely ruined, and a number of others are badly wrecked. The public school building is a total loss. The cotton oil mill is damaged, and the largest gin plant is in splinters. The wires were blown off the poles and fences leveled, and a freight car was blown off the track. The property loss is placed at $50,000, which is considered a conservative estimate.

Black clouds had been hanging in the southwest all morning. The atmosphere was heavy, and at intervals there had been blustering showers of rain. It was just at noon, when there was a long roar of rumbling thunder, a puff of wind, and then the air was thick with flying timbers. The cyclone came from the southwest and held to a straight northeast course. Its path was about three hundred yards wide. It struck the northwest quarter of the town, in the residence section. No house is left, while those that are not irreparably wrecked are in the minority. Most of them are demolished—mere heaps of debris. Household furniture and utensils are strewn farther than the eye can reach.

The town of Wills Point was demolished by a tornado in May, 1893. Reports from Terrell, Texas, say that the heaviest rainfall on record occurred throughout that section. Several persons are reported drowned or missing.

Memphis, Tenn. (Special).—A heavy wind and rain storm prevailed here, and much damage was wrought. Culverts were washed out, and fences and small trees in this vicinity suffered severely.

Texarkana, Ark. (Special).—A storm having the fury of a tornado swept over the west part of this county. It is reported that many buildings were destroyed and several lives lost.

SIXTEEN LIVES LOST.

Seven Men Caught in a Flooded Mine--A Dozen Buildings Demolished.

Litfftle Rock, Ark. (Special).—Reports from over the state show that the storm of Saturday and Sunday was far greater than reports indicated. Thus far there are 16 deaths reported.

Great damage was done at Osceeola, Piggot and Paragould.

Forest City, Ark. (Special).—Three persons were killed and many injured in this vicinity Saturday by a tornado. Four miles west of this city Pinkey Watson, colored, and her infant child were the first victims. In the same neighborhood 16 houses and miles of fences and trees were leveled. In Johnston township, 10 miles northeast, the tornado literally lifted the house of J. A. Wooley from its foundation and shattered it to fragments, killing Wooley and seriously injuring his wife and stepson, Bob Allen. Outbuildings and miles of fences were blown down.

Bulgaria Fears Bombshed.

Sofia, Bulgaria (By Cable).—Increasing apprehension is felt in Bulgaria at the concentration of Turkish troops on the Macedonian frontier. It is known that large quantities of arms and ammunition have been secretly imported into the vilayets of Kossovo, Uskuv, and Monastir. The Bulgarian government has received sharp reminders from three of the great powers that it will be held responsible for the preservation of order in the border districts.

Alleged Matricide's Insane Doings.

St. Joseph, Mo. (Special).—Samuel Ramsey, the merchant of Seneca, Kan., on trial under charge of having strangled to death his aged mother because she did not divide the property of Ramsey's father to suit the prisoner, created a sensation in the courtroom by repeatedly interrupting the attorneys and insulting the court. It is expected that the defense now will be insanity. Strong evidence against the prisoner was introduced.

Iowa College Building Burned.

Iowa City, Iowa (Special).—Fire destroyed the college of medicine and literary buildings at the University of Iowa. The loss is not less than $250,000. Both buildings were burned in two hours' time. A severe blow was struck to the university on account of the loss of recitation rooms. The college of medicine will close in three weeks and arrangements have been made to carry on the work uninterruptedly.

Fifty Chinese Killed.

Berlin (Special). — The War Office has received the following from Count von Waldersee: "A company of the Third East Asiatics, under Captain Knoerzer, came into contact, southwest on Man-Sheng, with 400 Chinese regulars, who had apparently been separaed from their main body. The Chinese were scattered and 50 of them were killed. Two of their banners were taken."

Blown to Pieces By Dynamite.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special). — Guiseppe Confuno and Angelo Abatto, Italian laborers, were blown to atoms by an explosion of dynamite in a quarry at West Manayunk, a suburb. The two men and a companion, Antonio Torano, were preparing to blast rock, and proceeded to thaw out the frozen sticks of dynamite. Instantly there was a terrific explosion, and Confuno and Abatto were lifted many feet above the top of the pit. Portions of their bodies were scattered in all directions. Torano was stunned, but escaped injury.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Senate 57th Congress.

After proceedings lasting only six days the extraordinary session of the Senate was declared adjourned sine die, at 1.55 p. m. Saturday. During the session practically no business, except that of executive character, was transacted.

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

Lord Pauncefote, the British Ambassador, formally communicated to Secretary Hay an instruction from his Government rejecting the Senate amendments to the Isthmian Canal treaty. The British reply is such as to leave no doubt that Great Britain regards the Clayton Bulwer treaty as in full force and effect, and that she holds that under its provisions the United States cannot, without her consent, build a canal across the isthmus of Central America.

New Desks for House Members.

During the summer the House chamber will be renovated to an unusual extent. A new carpet will be laid, as customary every two years, and the frescoing retouched. In addition the desks, which have seen service for some years, will be removed, together with the chairs, and new and smaller desks will be put in. with smaller chairs. Members desiring to retain their desks which they occupied during the last Congress can acquire them at half price from the sergeant-at-arms of the House. The remainder will be sold at auction.

Points for Letter Writers.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden will prepare for popular distribution a pamphlet containing in a compact form all necessary information regarding postal rates and the modus operandi of the mails. In the Postal Appropriation bill this year Mr. Madden had inserted an item of $10,000 for the purpose of furnishing these pamphlets.

Extradition Treaty With England.

The Senate confirmed the supplemental extradition treaty with Great Britain, which had been pending for some time. The treaty adds to the list of crimes for which a man can be extradited from one country to the other the following: Obtaining money under false pretenses, the destruction or obstruction of railroads, the endangering of human life, and the procuring of abortion.

Bubonic Plague in San Francisco.

The treasury department has become satisfied that bubonic plague exists to an alarming extent in San Francisco and that stringent measures must be taken to prevent the spread of the disease. The State authorities in California have maintained heretofore that the disease has not appeared there at all, but they have at last been forced to admit that the Washington officials are right. The federal commission appointed by the secretary some time ago to investigate the alarming situation in San Francisco recently returned a confidential report that bubonic plague does exist beyond a doubt in that city.

Capital News in General.

The resignation of Mr. Kassom as special plenipotentiary for the negotiation of reciprocity treaties has been placed in the president's hands.

The battleship Oregon was ordered home from the Asiatic station.

The Secreary of the Navy, responding to the Senate resolution, wrote that commissioned officers promoted from the ranks do not wear the same uniforms as graduates of the Naval Academy.

Superintendent Davis, of the Naval Observatory, brought charges against Prof. Stinson J. Brown, head of the mathematical department.

Ex-Senator Carter, of Montana, was appointed by the President to be United States commissioner of the St. Louis Exposition.

Consul George W. Roosevelt, at Brussels, reported some interesting experiments made there in wireless telegraphy.

Secretary Long made a distributing among the various shipbuilders of the warships to be built by contract.

Negotiations for removing diplomatic obstacles in the way of the construction of an isthmian canal, it is said, will immediately begin with Great Britain and the United States of Colombia.

The Treasury Department issued a warrant in favor of Admiral George Dewey for $9,570 on account of prize money found to be due him by the Court of Claims for the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor May 1, 1898.

Our New Possessions.

Nine natives are on trial by court-martial for murdering Quisimbling, presidente of Calamba, in the Philippines, because he was friendly to the Americans.

General MacArthur reported the surrender of General Marian de Dios, four officers and 57 uniformed men.

Judge Taft and associates, of the Philippine Commission, sailed from Manila for Lucerna, Province of Tayabas, Luzon, where they will organize provincial government.

The Methodists report 120 converts in Manila last week.

The western part of Batangos province, Luzon, formerly an insurgent stronghold, is becoming pacified.

The transport Garonne sailed from Manila with the officers and men of the Twenty-sixth Volunteer Infantry.

The American authorities have seized small steamers plying on Laguna de Bay on the charge of trading with the insurgent Filipinos.

The Luzon commission has passed a bill providing an additional $1,000,000 (Mexical currency). for the improvement of Manila harbor, and an act empowering General MacArthur to organize municipal governments in those towns where none now exist.

Frank A. Brannigan, disbursing officer to the American Philippine Commission, has been appointed treasurer of the Philippine Archigelago at a salary of $6000.

Secretary Root issued an order abolishing all export duties on tobacco from Cuba after April 1.

Additional inducements have been made to the revolutionists to surrender their guns. General MacArthur has directed all department commanders to release one prisoner for every rifle surrendered. A Filipino who surrenders his gun will be permitted to name the prisoner to be released.

RADICALS STILL DEFIANT.

Cubans Will Not Accept the Platt Amendment.

HAVANA PLACARDED WITH POSTERS

Addressed to the United States, and Reading: "Do Not Make Promises That You Are Not Sure to Keep, and Never Go Back on the Word You Have Given."

Havana (Special). — Although the political demonstrations have ended, the radical element in the Cuban Constitutional Convention has not given up hope that the United States will recede from the position taken regarding the Platt amendment. The Radical press is doing everything in its power to keep this view before the public. It attributes the action of the United States Congress to the influence of the trusts, declaring that the American people "are in favor of giving Cuba absolute independence and of rebuking the action of the administration."

Articles from American papers which seem to sustain the attitude of the convention are given wide publicity.

Senor Gualberto Gomez says in La Patria:

"Let us, the champions of our country's independence and sovereignty, preserve the calm, dignified attitude we have assumed. Do not let us lose our calm judgment. Let us maintain our energetic resolution to be free, but let us avoid furnishing the slightest pretext for the unhealthy imperialism which is corrupting the blood of a generous people and inclining them to trample upon our rights.

"Let us still have faith in the justice of our cause and in the honor of the country which produced Washington, Jefferson and Lincoln."

At street corners in various places placards have been posted, which read thus:

"To the people of the United States:

"Do not make any promises that you are not sure to keep, and never go back on the word you have given.

(Signed)

"GEORGE WASHINGTON."

This is recommended to the consideration of "all worthy compatriots of the great American."

NORMAL SCHOOL BURNED DOWN.

A Big Blaze in Shepherdstown--Inadequate Facilities to Fight the Fire.

Harpers Ferry, W. Va. (Special).—Fire in the new building of the Shepherd College Normal School, Shepherdstown, this county, destroyed the building, burning all the woodwork within, while two of its walls caved in. It broke out in the upper story. The Hagerstown Fire Company was summoned, but did not respond. The building was of brick and stone, two-story and basement, built several years ago, at a cost of $25,000, and was up to date in the minutest detail. The legislature had just appropriated an additional $25,000 for the college. The building possessed a tank of water within, was but 200 feet from the fire engine, and the town "run" ran through its yard, yet it availed nothing as against the fire. The building was insured.

Reported Sale of the Seaboard.

New York (Special).—August Belmont has acquired control of the Seaboard Air Line, and devised a close traffice arrangement with the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. In this new railway enterprise August Belmont & Co. represented a syndicate of Wall street bankers and the Rothschilds, of England. The plan is said to have been completed last week in a series of conferences at the offices of August Belmont and John Skelton Williams, of Richmond, Va., president of the Seaboard Air Line.

Baptist 20th Century Movement.

Meridian, Miss. (Special).—The Baptist Twentieth Century movement for the Southern States was inaugurated here. A large number of distinguished ministers, educators and well-known laymen from all sections of the South took part in the exercises of launching a movement to be taken up by every State in the South. Rev. J. R. Willingham, secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, of Richmond, Va., was among the speakers.

Production of Precious Stones.

Washington (Special).—The report of the United States Geological Survey on the production of precious stones, as prepared by Mr. George F. Kunz, special agent in charge of that investigation for the division of mining and mineral resources, shows that the total value of the out-put of precious stones in the United States for 1900 is $232,210, as compared with $185,770 in 1899, a gain of $46,440, or 25 per cent.

Tried to Blow Up a Bank.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).—Five men broke into the store of R. Danz, at Perrysburg, and made two attempts to blow a hole through the wall with nitro-glycerine into the Citizens' Bank, adjoining. They aroused the town, and abandoned the attempt. As they were leaving the place, George Reither saw them. They fired a shot at him. Fred Hillabrand saw the crowd from a second-story window, and recognized all. Henry Kellar and Geo. Taylor were arrested, and warrants are out for the others. All are tough local characters.

Chris. Magee Dead.

Harrisburg, Pa. (Special).—Senator Christopher Lyman Magee, of Pittsburg, editor, statesman, philanthropist, and financier, died here after an illness of more than two years. His death was unexpected, as it was generally believed by friends that he was improving in health.

Must Not Sell to Foreign Power.

London (By Cable).—"The United States government has addressed a note to the Danish government, almost threatening in tone," says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail, "to the effect that it will not permit any transfer of the Danish West Indies to any foreign power, and that in the event of Denmark refusing to sell the United States will require that inland and maritime neutrality shall be properly guaranteed and the United States' sphere of influence be respected."

ARMISTICE TO BOTHA.

The Boer Commander Will Confer With the Other Generals.

Lorenzo Marques (By Cable).—General Kitchener has granted General Botha a seven days' armistice, to enable him to confer with the other generals.

London (By Cable).—A dispatch from Pretoria, dated Tuesday, March 5, evidently held up by the censor, has just reached here. It says General Kitchener met General Botha and other Boer leaders at Middleburg on February 27, when the question of the possibility of the termination of hostilities was discussed.

Another dispatch from Pretoria, dated Wednesday, March 6, says the meeting between General Kitchener and General Botha has awakened deep interest, and that there are favorable expectations as to the probable outcome.

According to the Sun, the surrender of General Botha would have been an accomplished fact before now had General Kitchener been in a position to conclude the terms of surrender. When the surrender occurs, the Sun adds, it will include the surrender or entire suppression of General De Wet and will involve the termination of the war.

Official circles here regard the announcement of the armistice in South Africa with the greatest satisfaction. They point out that it must have been granted on the solicitation of the Boers, and take the view that General Kitchener would never have consented to it unless he felt practically sure it would result in an important advance toward the termination of all hostilities.

Lord Kitchener, reporting under date of March 7, says:

"The Boers failed in their determined attack upon Lichtenburg. Our losses, besides the two officers previously reported, were 14 men killed and 20 wounded. The Boer General Celliers was killed.

"De Wet's position is variously reported, as his men are scattering through the Orange Colony."

IT WAS ROSS RAYMOND.

The Man Who Has Posed as "Lord Rosse" Is Thus Identified--Prince of Adventurers.

New York (Special).—It was none other than Ross Raymond, a noted adventurer with a record extending over many years, who, as "Lord Rosse, of Birr Castle, Ireland," was arrested in New Haven, Conn., while trying to victimize Dr. Arthur T. Hadley, president of Yale University.

Captain of Detectives Geo. W. Titus identified Raymond when the latter was brought to this city and locked up in police headquarters. Raymond, who is now 47 years old, has, under various names, carried on his operations in nearly every part of the world and has served at least 14 years in prison.

He was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Police Court. When the Court clerk asked him his name he said:

"Put me down as Alfred Parsons. That will do as well as anything else." He was remanded under $2000 bail.

W. H. Beebe, secretary to President Seth Low, of Columbia University, and Gen. Thomas L. James, president of the Lincoln National Bank, were in court and identified Raymond as "Professor Sandys," who had presented a letter of recommendation by means of which he got a worthless check for $200 cashed at the Lincoln National Bank.

Ross Raymond is known the world over for his escapades.

The stories of some of his exploits read like romances. Though he has served terms in American and foreign prisons he has usually managed to keep out of the clutches of the law. His adventures have girdled the globe. At one time he did newspaper work in Baltimore. Again he was city editor of the Philadelphia Times.

BRYAN RAPS SAMPSON.

Rakes Admiral for Morgan Letter and Says Its Imperialism.

Lincoln, Neb. (Special).—Hon. William J. Bryan in this week's number of The Commoner, comments on the Sampson-Morgan affair.

The application of Morgan for promotion and the Admiral's subsequent note to the Secretary of the Navy discounting the gunner's claims for promotion for alleged lack of social qualifications are reproduced, after which Editor Bryan passes the following criticism:

"And when you have read them suppress your indignation long enough to ask yourself whether Admiral Sampson is a snob and an aristocrat, or whether he is merely a representative of the 'new order of things' which is to follow militarism and imperialism. If this is only an individual opinion, no condemnation can be too severe, but if he speaks for those who are dominating the administration and shaping our national policy, then the rebuke should be administered to the system."

CONDEMNS STOCKADES.

Anderson, S. C., Grand Jury Presents Names for Indictment.

Anderson, S. C. (Special).—Judge Benet, at a special term of the Court of Sessions here, received the report of the grand jury which has been investigating the charge that negro laborers are held, in accordance with contracts signed by themselves, in stockades in this county under armed guards, and that they are often whipped and otherwise cruelly treated.

The grand jury was made up of 18 men, of whom 14 are farmers. The charges were found to have been exaggerated so far as they represented that the contract system was general in the county. After a three weeks' investigation the grand jury reports that about 20 farmers in Anderson county have been using the contracts. Many cases of whipping and shackling of laborers, and at least one case in which a man was shot at repeatedly, are reported. A number of names are presented for indictment for false imprisonment and assault and battery.

Accused of Killing Her Daughter.

Knobnester, Mo. (Special).—Mrs. Ellen Allen, mother of Nellie Allen the 17-year-old girl whose dead body was found in the street here, was taken into custody, charged with being an accessory in the murder of her daughter. Henry Wisely, a negro, was arrested for the murder on the strength of testimony given by Mrs. Allen before the coroner's jury. It is believed that the girl was suffocated in the Allen home and the body placed in the street by the murderers. Mrs. Allen is a widow.

Favorable Conditions, Certainly.

Belle—So Maude has accepted Charley! Would you have accepted him if you had been in her place?

Lena—Very likely. She was in his lap at the time.

In the Future State.

Miss Anteek—Marriages, they say, are made in Heaven.

Miss Sharpe—That must be encouraging to you. If you only lead an upright life there's hope for you yet.

"Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation."

Hospitals in our great cities are sad places to visit.

Three-fourths of the patients lying on those snow-white beds are women and girls.

Why should this be the case?

Because they have neglected themselves.

Every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back. All of these things are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb.

What a terrifying thought! these poor souls are lying there on those hospital beds awaiting a fearful operation.

Do not drag along at home or in your place of employment until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an examination and possible operation. Build up the female system, cure the derangements which have signified themselves by danger signals, and remember that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has saved thousands of women from the hospital. Read the letter here published with the full consent of the writer, and see how she escaped the knife by a faithful reliance on Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the consistent treatment of her medicines.

Mrs. Knapp tells of her Great Gratitude.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have received much benefit from using your Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash. After my child was born, blood poison set in, which left me with granulated inflammation of the womb and congested ovaries. I had suffered from suppressed and painful menstruation from a girl. The doctors told me the ovaries would have to be removed. I took treatment two years to escape an operation, but still remained in miserable health in both body and mind, expecting to part with my reason with each coming month. After using one bottle of the Compound, I became entirely rid of the trouble in my head. I continued to use your remedies until cured.

"The last nine months have been passed in perfect good health. This, I know, I owe entirely to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

"My gratitude is great indeed to the one to whom so many women owe their health and happiness."—MRS. F. M. KNAPP, 1528 Kinnickinnic Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

$5000 REWARD Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who will show that the above testimonial is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

Reforming the Language.

The movement in the National Educational Association to simplify English spelling would arouse more enthusiasm if it were of broader scope. It is admitted that English is a difficult tongue to master; that it is constantly spreading to new quarters of the globe; that the population of English-speaking countries is steadily increasing; that year by year a greater and greater number of persons are required to learn the tongue; that its difficulties, therefore, impose a continually growing burden upon the mental energies of the world, and that to remove as many as possible of these difficulties would release a great quantity of brain power which would be available for other uses.

All this, which constitutes the argument of the simplifiers, is readily conceded. But why do they stop with the mere patching of simpler orthography? The spelling, after all, is only one of the minor troubles. There remains the mountainous difficulty of the innumerable irregular verbs. Why require the intellect of the world to wear itself out wrestling with the participles? What difference does it make, anyway, whether a man says "I had gone" or "I had went"? Consider how much easier it would be if English were written this way:

"I standed on the brij at midnite
As the kloks was striking the owr
And the moon rized over the sity
Frum behind the dark church towr."

Let the new generation say: "We goed to skul and was teached gramer." Let the reform be thorough.

Bernhardt's Vocation.

Madame Sarah Bernhardt is such a superb actress that it is difficult to conceive that she has ever had any other profession in her mind. But the following story shows how her first choice of a profession was vetoed by her family, and her present vocation suggested. In some interesting pages of personal reminiscences Madame Bernhardt tells how it was that she went on the stage.

'A family council was assembled," she writes. "It consisted of my mother, my aunt, my godfather and an old friend of the family. My own wishes were consulted, and I said timidly that I thought I should like to be a painter, against which audacious proposal every one protested energetically.

"'Well, make an actress of her,' put in the family friend.

"'An actress! She's as ugly as she can be,' said my godfather, kindly.

"'Ugly!' cried my mother, up in arms at this insult to her maternal pride. 'My daughter ugly? You are mad, man! She is charming, with that wild air of hers. Look at her eyes; aren't they superb? Ugly! You are crazy, my dear sir.' And wounded in her feelings, my mother marched up and down the room till in the end my future vocation was definitely decided."

A Watch Not Wearing Apparel.

Judge Lowell held recently, in the United States District Court at Boston, that a watch was not an article of wearing apparel, and therefore was not exempt from the provisions of the bankruptcy law vesting the bankrupt's property in his trustee. The bankrupt claimed that the watch was exempted from the law by virtue of the Massachusetts statute exempting from execution "the necessary wearing apparel" and "the tools, implements, and fixtures necessary for the carrying on of a trade or business," because by the bankruptcy law the bankrupt was allowed the exemptions prescribed by State laws.

The Acme of Comfort.

Husband—Don't forget to wake me at 7 o'clock, as usual, to-morrow morning.

Wife—Why, you don't have to go to the office. It's a holiday.

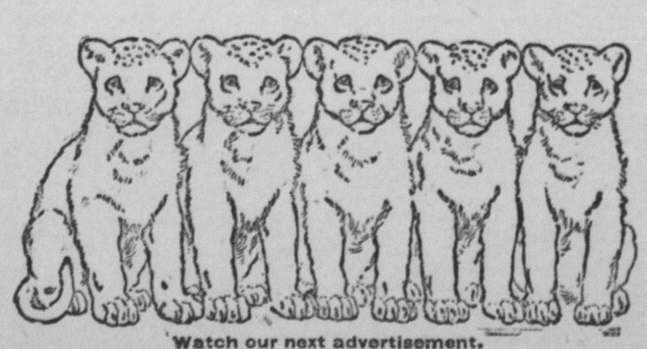
Husband—I know, but wake me at 7. I want to have the satisfaction of rolling over and going to sleep again.

"Kitchen Intentions.

A little three-year-old miss, after watching the cook scouring the pots and pans, reported to her mother that "Jane has scrubbed all the kitchen intentions."

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!



Watch our next advertisement.

All Alike!

LION COFFEE

is always the same.
One package is just like another.
It is uniform in every respect.

IT NEVER VARIES.

If you like one package you will like all

—LION COFFEE.—

LION COFFEE is not glazed or coated with egg mixtures and chemicals, but is an absolutely pure coffee, full of strength and flavor.

In every package of **LION COFFEE** you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

TOYS AS EDUCATORS.

The "Go" in Them Stimulates Many a Lad to Invention.

In his training for life the American boy of today has one distinct advantage which his father lacked. The mechanical toys of the time cannot come into a boy's possession without giving him a certain acquisition of mechanical ideas which may be of value to him in his future career. The present development in electricity has been made by men who knew practically nothing of electrical appliances in boyhood. With the multiplication of electrical toys the work of the next generation will be taken up by men to whom many of the devices of today have been familiar since early youth. The twentieth century boys of ten years is in a fair way to know more about the possibilities of electricity than the professor of natural philosophy understood 50 years ago.

The principles on which the modern toys operate are practically the same as those used in complicated machinery. The toy electric railway is now equipped down to the slightest detail. The power may be supplied from a battery or from a generator driving a small turbine connected with a running water faucet. Steel rails are laid about the room from which the motor in the toy engine receives its supply of power. There are passenger and freight cars, signal towers and sidetracks from which the boy may learn about the operations of railroads. He is taught the use of positive and negative currents; how to connect electric light; how to manage a dynamo. In fact, if he knew how much he was learning he would probably rebel at the thought.

There are other devices besides toy railroads to instill knowledge into youthful minds under the guise of play. Battleships and torpedo boats supplied with a wet-cell battery for motive power will cut through the waves of an ordinary pond with decks awash. Then there are automobiles operated by electricity and manifold games of similar sort. The steam engine has been in the toy department for years. Its principles have become familiar to children who have played with it in their homes. The possession of such a toy is a stimulus to the boy's inventive capacity. He is constantly tempted to build something for the engine to run.

No intelligent young American owns a machine that "goes" without trying to find out the principles on which it is built. His curiosity is stimulated and must be satisfied. Here is where his elders may find their opportunity. They may not care to bother with his questions, in which case they may be able to stifle his curiosity with evasive answers. Or they may encourage an intelligent study of the principles involved. There are plenty of good books on mechanics and electricity which boys can understand with a little explanation. These may be referred to in connection with the toys. Then, when the boy has become somewhat familiar with the habits of electricity, he may be encouraged to make various simple devices such as are described in any elementary book on the subject. In this way Christmas toys may prove a valuable factor in educating the rising generation in the field in which the twentieth century is expected to show marvelous development.—Kansas City Star.

The Queen as a Child.

The Queen never lost a child in the nursery, though she had delicate children. Those who have gone before her were grown up and married. She was fond of children when a growing and a grown-up girl. It pleased her to be taken to visit infant schools of which she was an interested patroness. But she was a domineering playmate. I have met old ladies who in youth were privileged to play with her at Kensington. Though she was only heiress presumptive, she always stood on her dignity with them and never allowed them to be familiar.

One of them was niece of the Honorable something Keppel, who belonged to the Duke of Sussex's little household at Kensington. She and the Queen used to dress dolls together, until one day the sprig of Albemarle nobility called one of her dolls "Vic." The princess ordered her to leave off so calling the doll, inasmuch as she had not had "permission." A sturdy refusal was given, with the consequence that the Duke of Sussex's gentleman was begged by his little niece not to bring such a disrespectful child to play with her again.

The Queen was the first royal child who was taught the use of the globes. -London Truth.

Blasting With Liquid Air.

The experiments made with a view to using liquid air as one of the constituents of an explosive are described by A. Larsen in a paper received from the Institution of Mining Engineers. The cartridges used for blasting trials in the Simplon tunnel consisted of a wrapper filled with a carbonaceous material, such, for instance, as a mixture of equal parts of paraffine and of charcoal, and dipped bodily in liquid air until completely soaked. The cartridges were kept in liquid air at the working face of the rock until required for use, when they were put quickly in the shot holes and detonated with a small gun cotton primer and detonator. The life of such a cartridge is, unfortunately, very short after the cartridge has been removed from the liquid air. A cartridge eight inches in length and three inches in diameter has to be fired within fifteen minutes after being taken out of the liquid to avoid a misfire. On this account the Simplon trials were discontinued.—Nature.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

The Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

STATE FORESTS TO BE GUARDED.

New Commission Meets at Harrisburg--Plan to Establish a Nursery--Restocking Streams With Fish--Big Coal Deal Consummated--To Mark Waterman's Grave--Meadville College Gets New Library.

The new State Forestry Reservation Commission, created by a recent act, held a meeting Friday. The act creating the Department of Forestry legislated the earlier Forestry Commission and the Commissioner of Forestry out of existence. The Governor, however, appointed all the old members to the new commission. Measures were considered looking to the repair of roads which pass through the State Forestry reservations. A suitable location will be selected for the establishment of a nursery, on which to raise white pine, cherry, white oak, red oak and other seedlings for starting a typical young forest as soon as possible. Arrangements are in progress leading to the restocking of streams with fish by the Fish Commission, and it is probable that the public lands will be first considered in the distribution. The Commissioner of Forestry was directed to formulate rules relating to camp fires on the State grounds.

Announcement was made that Allegheny College, of Meadville, has been given funds with which to build a finely equipped library building. The college archives contain a letter from Thomas Jefferson congratulating the trustees upon the rare collection of books that afterward became the nucleus of the present library. But for many years the facilities for housing and using the books have been inadequate. The new building is to cost not less than $30,000. The donor withholds his name for at least three years, and reserves the right to remain anonymous. Work on the building will begin as soon as the weather permits, so that the library, the Ford Memorial Chapel and the Newton Observatory will go up simultaneously.

Colonel N. M. Ellis, engineer for the Valley Forge Commission, completed for Major I. Heston Todd, of Port Kennedy, the plans for the monument to be erected over the grave of Captain John Waterman, the Rhode Island patriot and a member of Washington's staff. Captain Waterman's grave is on Major Todd's farm. The momument will be dedicated on Evacuation Day, June 19, when President McKinley and other distinguished men will be present. The Legislature of Rhode Island appropriated $10,000 for the monument. Captain Waterman's grave is the only one known to exist at Valley Forge.

Within the next few weeks the Royersford post office will be the starting point of a rural free delivery route through Limerick Square and various other points along the Reading Turnpike. This route will cover over twenty miles. Many of the farmers residing along the Schuylkill and Ridge Roads, and through East Vincent township are making an effort to have the benefit of a rural delivery route, the Spring City post office being the starting point. Congressman Thomas S. Butler, of West Chester, will be asked to use his influence.

Another combination of coal mining interests has been formed whereby the Pardee collieries, Patton Coal Company, Clearfield and Indiana Coal Company, James Kerr & Co., E. P. McCormick & Co., and the Chest Creek L. and I. Company will be absorbed by the Beech Creek Coal and Coke Company, which has headquarters at No. 11 Broadway, New York. The deal was largely consummated by James Kerr, the president of the newly formed combination, who, it is alleged, acted eagerly in the interests of the New York Central Railroad Company, which alone consumes a million tons of bituminous coal annually.

Lotte Green, of Haneville, Clinton county, 10 years old, had a thrilling experience with a large catamount. She was going to the barn to do some chores. She saw the animal near the chicken coop, but, supposing it to be a strange cat, she held out her hand and said coaxingly, "Come, Kittie!" She noticed the animal was unusually large for a cat, and had such a large head and short ears. The child then began to get frightened.

She stamped her foot and asid "Scat!" shaking her little tin pail at the same time to scare it away but failed to do so. Instead the animal started toward her with a scream. She turned and fled to the house, the cat following her to the door, which, as she slammed it, struck the beast, which was in the act of springing at her, with sufficient force to knock it several yards.

Now that the silk mill strikers at Wilkes-Barre have refused the proposition of Manager Goldsmith to end the strike they have set about collecting funds for the maintenance of their members. As the union is a new one it has no money in its treasury and has to depend on other unions for assistance.

The jury in the case of Albert Snyder and Mrs. Louisa Snyder, of Mahanoy City, who were charged with the shooting of the latter's husband, Michael Snyder, after being out nearly twenty-two hours, returned with a verdict. The man was found guilty of murder in the second degree and the woman was acquitted.

Edward S. Kerns, who was a student at Villanova College, died at Pottsville from the result of being bumped on the back of the head by a waiter who was carrying a heavily laden tray ten days ago. A clot of blood formed. An operation was performed with no avail.

While Mr. and Mrs. Francis Shafer were lying ill in bed at their home, near New Ringgold, two masked burglars entered their rooms and forced them to give up $36 and a watch. The watch they returned upon Mr. Shafer's plea that he needed the watch in order to keep the time for taking his medicine.

Henry Griffin, of Scranton, was in the care of a Christian Science healer when he died from apoplexy. Coroner J. J. Roberts proposes to hold an inquest, but Griffin's widow objects. She says her husband only employed the Christian Science healer after the regular physicians had failed to help him.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special).—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Little change was developed this week in the condition of general business. Ground recently gained seemed to be held without difficulty, with a good distribution of merchandise by jobbers in most directions and with entire absence of speculative activity. Building materials, including lumber, are in especially urgent demand.

"Conditions in iron and steel begin to assume an appearance similar to that of 1899. Prices have moved upward rapidly since the turn was made and bids at current rates for distant delivery are often refused. Manufacturers are unanimous in reporting a great demand for domestic consumption, while export contracts for finished forms are still taken in competition with declining foreign markets.

"Textile fabrics exhibit a little animation, although the markets are still far from a satisfactory position. Knit goods receive more attention for Fall lines, hosiery and articles for Summer outing are taken freely, mercerized goods of expensive qualities enjoy a brisk demand and cheaper cottons are exported in considerable quantities. Some lines of silks find buyers without further cut and labor troubles at the mills are less disturbing.

"Sales of wool at the chief Eastern markets decreased nearly 3,000,000 pounds, compared with the previous week's business, but this is a favorable symptom, as excessive operations of late were due to forced sales at lower prices.

"Cotton declined still further, with option business active. With the exception of a weak spot early last June, the quotation has not been as low in over a year, but the present price is over 67 per cent. above the bottom record of 1898.

"Wheat is in abundant supply, with quotations well above last year's, owing to reports that the Hessian fly promises to be unusually troublesome, while weather conditions are also threatening. Atlantic exports of wheat, flour included, were 2,478,990 bushels for the week, against 1,681,895 a year ago, while corn exports were 3,357,438 bushels, against 2,183,218 in 1900.

"Failures for the week were 208 in the United States, against 205 last year, and 26 in Canada, against 33 last year."

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds....1.10a1.20
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70

Wheat.—No. 2 red 78½; steamer No. 2 red, 76½; sample lots, 72a78½. Western opened firmer; March 77⅞.

Corn.—Quote white nominally at 47a48 and yellow at 45a46. Cob corn 2.40 per bbl.

Oats.—White No. 2, 32¼; white, No. 3, 31a31½c.; No. 4, 28½a29c.; mixed No. 4, 28a28½.

Rye.—Quote: No. 2 rye in ear lots, 56c. nominal; No. 3, rye, 53c.; No. 2, Western rye, 58c. Bag lots nearby quotable at from 50a53c. per bushel.

Mill Feed.—$19.50 per ton; medium do, $19.00.

Hay.—Market quiet and about steady. No. 1 timothy, $17.00; No. 2 timothy, $16.50; No. 3 timothy, $15.00a15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $15.50a16.00; No. 2 clover mived, $14.00a15.00; No. 1 clover, $15.00a15.50; No. 2 clover, $13.50a14.50.

Cloverseed.—New. Western clover, on spot, at 11c. per lb, and choice do at 11¼c.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.35a1.40. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $18.00a20.00; do, new Florida, per crate, $2.00a2.50. Celery, per dozen, 40a60c. Apples, per bbl, $1.75a4.00. Oranges, Florida, per box, $2.25a3.00. Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl, $8.00a9.00.

Potatoes.—White, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bushel, 45a50c.; do New York, primes, per bushel, 50a52c.; do, Michigan and Ohio, per bushel, 48a50c.; do, new, Bermuda, per bbl $4.50a5.00; do new, Florida, per bbl $4.00a5.00. Sweets, Eastern Shore, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.00a1.25.

Beans and Peas.—New York, marrow, choice hand picked, $2.40a2.45; do do medium, do do, $2.20a2.25; do do pea do do, $2.15a2.25. Blackeye peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.60.

Provisions.—Bulk shoulders 7½c.; do short ribs, 8¼c.; do clear sides, 8¾c.; bacon rib sides, 9c.; do clear sides, 9¼c.; bacon shoulders, 8¼c. Fat backs 7¾c. Hams—Small, 11½c.; large 11½c.; smoked skinned hams, 11¼c.; picnic hams, 8½c. Lard—Best refined, pure in tierces, 8½c.; in tubs, 9¼c.; bacon shoulders, 8¼c. Fat

Live Poultry.—Hens, 9½a10c; old roosters, each, 25c.; spring chickens, 10a11c.; winter do, 2 lbs and under, 14a16c. Ducks, 10a13c. Turkeys, 9½a13c. Geese, apiece, 50a65c.

Butter.—The market is steady. We quote:

Creamery Separator.....23a23½
Creamery Gathered Cream.....20a21
Creamery Imitation.....18a19

Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 14c.

Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb, 6¾c.; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 6½c. Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb 6a6½c. Lambs and sheep.—Spring lambs, choice, 5½a6c. per lb, poor, small stock, 5c. per lb.

Philadelphia.

Wheat steady; contract grade March 77a77½c. Corn firm, ¾c. higher; No. 2, mixed, March 44½a44¾c. Oats, steady. No. 2 white clipped, 33c. Butter firm; prints, 22c.; fancy Western creamery, 22½c; do do prints, 23; do nearby prints, 25c. Eggs, fresh nearby, 15½c.; do Western, 15½c.; do Southwestern, 15½c.; do Southern, 15c. Cheese steady; New York full creameries, fancy, small, 12a12¼c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle.—Receipts, 200 head nominally steady; good to prime steers, $5.05a6.00; fancy up to $6.25; poor to medium, $3.60a5.00; stockers and feeders steady to firm, $3.75a4.60; cows $2.60a4.25. Hogs, Mixed and butchered, $5.45a5.67½.

East Liberty, Pa.—Cattle steady; extra $5.35a5.50; prime, $5.00a5.45; common, $3.00a3.75. Hogs higher; prime medium; $6.00a6.05; heavy Yorkers, $6.00; pigs, $5.05a5.70. Sheep steady; choicewethers, $4.70a4.80; choice lambs $5.50a5.60; veal calves, $6.50a7.00.

X-X-X

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 14, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CONTEST.

The contest in this, the twenty-eighth congressional district, by which Col. A. A. Clearwater hoped to oust Congressman J. K. P. Hall has been declared off. Congressman Hall was fairly elected, and he started taking testimony to prove his case with such great earnestness, that Clearwater concluded the best thing to do would be to drop the whole matter, which was done. Nothing is further from the truth than the statement that Mr. Hall made compromises with the opposing power. Such statements must come from persons who do not know Mr. Hall.

The twenty-eighth congressional district will be represented in the next congress by Hon. James K. P. Hall, a statesman, a scholar and a gentleman.

CAMERON FOR GOVERNOR.

Ex-United States Senator J. Donald Cameron, of Dauphin county, has the support of Senator Quay and his followers for Governor, providing the ex-Senator concludes to enter the gubernatorial race. Other candidates are Congressman Connell, of Lackawana; Congressman Sibley; Congressman Olmstead; Attorney General John P. Elkin; Auditor General McCauley, and President Protempore of the Senate of Pennsylvania William P. Snyder, of Chester county. Barring Cameron, Snyder's chances would be favorable.

Representative Gamble, of Blair county, introduced a measure in the legislature that ought to become a law. The bill prohibits the giving of tickets, checks, premiums, etc., with purchases. When you start out to buy a yard of calico these days, you are obliged, in many instances, to take a cake of soap, box of baking powder, picture, or some article not at first included in the purchase; or perhaps you get a check good for a dollar's worth of goods after you have made purchases to the amount of $10.00. At the same time you are paying for those goods in advance, and often the check is never filled out because you failed to buy the specified amount within the limit of time prescribed. The purchaser is always the loser, and the whole system should be abolished.

The following quotations from other important Republican organs give some idea of the revolt Senator Hanna has stirred up by his attempt to put the ship subsidy bill through:

It has been made manifest during the session that the sentiment of the vast middle west and of a considerable proportion of all other parts of the country is unalterably opposed to the subsidy plan. Among those who are not actively opposed to it another very large proportion of the public is either apathetic or not fully informed as to the character and purpose of the measure. The active support of the bill comes from the interests to be benefited and from the handful of senators who have taken it upon themselves to endow those interests with a rich annuity from out the public treasury.

The senatorial contest over the measure is thus fairly a contest of public sentiment against private interests, and the fact that the latter are sufficiently powerful to fight their battle on anything like equal terms is in itself unpleasantly suggestive of the extent to which private interests have gained influence in the senate.—Chicago Times-Herald. (Ind. Rep.).

The Union-Snyder-Mifflin judicial district is having a hot time. Judge McClure and Samuel H. Orwig, Esq., are registering candidates in Union county, and are making house to house canvasses, and are resorting to every known political means, commendable or otherwise, to gain advantage. The surrounding districts should learn a lesson from observation, and when their turn comes to fill this important office, refrain from such belittling political methods.

Senator C. L. Magee, of Pittsburg, politician and philanthropist, died at his Harrisburg home Friday evening of last week. Senator Magee was one of the representative Republicans of Western Pennsylvania, and had much to do with the shaping of legislation at the state capitol.

Mayor Ashbridge, of Philadelphia, has a notion that the Pennsylvania Republicans want him for governor, and accordingly had the Working Men's Protective Tariff League start a movement in that direction.

The failure of the Delaware legislature to elect United States Senators brings the subject of electing U. S. Senators by popular vote anew before the people. Such change in the constitution need not be looked for as long as the majority of legislatures are Republican.

Subscribe for the Reporter.

The Local Newspaper.

There is a something, we cannot just tell what, that somehow, in some manner draws our thoughts and minds toward the homeland. It is quite natural for those who are out in the world, away from the scenes of their childhood associations to retain a warm attachment and manifest more than a mere passing interest in the place and people of their earlier days.

We may wander far from our early home; years may come and go. Time may change the familiar faces before we are permitted to revisit those hallowed scenes again. The quiet and unpretentious country folk may be moving slowly—plodding along in the same path their forefathers trod. They may have no sympathy—not even a passing interest—in our movements and innovations in keeping with the times, and yet, we retain a warm place in our hearts and a real interest in the welfare of the people whom we have known and loved so long and well.

Every great soul is interested in the welfare of his former friends and associates. Only small people, the people who are prompted and actuated in all their doings by selfishness can and do forget their early home and friends.

We can hope but little from the boy or girl who loses an interest in the homeland. They manifest a spirit of selfishness which is destined to make a failure by and by, no matter what admirable qualities they may possess. A great soul is great at all times and under all circumstances.

The fact is then a foregone conclusion that we are interested in the people and welfare of the community that gave us being. There we find a charm which we can find no where else should we follow the sun in his diurnal course. We love to keep in touch with our many friends; we rejoice with them in success, and we saympathize with them in reverses and sorrows. We want to keep in touch with them frequently, and the medium through which we gain the desired information is the local paper. With Carlyle we can truly say: 'May blessings be upon the head of Cadmus, the Phonecian, or whoever it was that invented printing"

There comes to my table a weekly visitor that bears to us tidings from the home-folk. With fond anticipations do we look forward to that coming. With eager eyes we glance over its pages brim full of news. Our hearts well up within us and our eyes moisten with tears when we read the obituary of some cherished friend whom we will miss on our return. With just pride and delight we notice the growth and development of the Metropolis, of the South side for whose welfare the pages of this visitor are ever pleading.

Welcome! thrice welcome my friend—the Reporter. Many periodicals find their way to my fireside. Some much more expensive, making a grander display, and having greater pretentions, but I would not part with you for any of them. You come from the heart of my early home and you appeal to my heart as none other can. You keep us in touch with the homeland; causing us to live in imagination week after week among our friends of long ago; keeping us ever young and happy, and bringing to us, who are absent, what no other periodical can.

How often it is we do not appreciate our local paper as we should until by force of circumstances we leave the old home country. How much it does to keep our community in touch with its sons and daughters, who have gone forth to the four points of the compass and are carving for themselves and theirs fame and fortune, no one can exaggerate. If the modest, unpretentious paper would cease to be issued, it would be a public calamity to the whole community as well as to those who have gone out into the world and rely mainly upon its weekly visits to keep them informed of the homeland. It is a benefactor to the whole community for which it does a great amount of free advertising, too often unappreciated. Yes, if it should cease it would be like the passing away of some beloved and cherished friend, and especially to those of us living at a distance and depending upon its spicy columns to keep us in touch with the beautiful valley of Penn. Long may it live, continuing to do what it has always done so well, so nobly.

"Dixie."

WASHINGTON.

Four-day Personally-Conducted Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On Monday, April 1, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run its annual personally conducted tour to Washington, D. C., from Central Pennsylvania. Tickets will cover round-trip transportation, transfer in Washington, and firstclass hotel accommodations from dinner on April 1 until luncheon on April 4, inclusive. For those who desire to spend a longer time in the National Capital, tickets will be accepted returning until April 11, inclusive.

Rates, covering transportation, transfer, and hotel accommodations as above: $12.90 from Williamsport, $13.60 from Wilkesbarre, $14.35 from Scranton, $15.00 from Carbondale, $11 70 from Sunbury, $14 from Altoona, $10.10 from Lancaster, $10.85 from Lebanon, $10.10 from Harrisburg, $9.30 from York, and proportionate rates from other stations, including stations on the Cumberland Valley Railroad north of Chambersburg.

Detailed itinerary is now in course of preparation, and full details regarding schedule and other information will be announced later. Intending passengers should send their names as early as possible to Tourist Agent, Pennsylvania Railroad, 44 Public Square, Wilkesbarre, Pa., or George W. Boyer, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sow Phosphate in the Spring.

D. W. BRADFORD

will furnish you 14 per cent.

= SOUTH CAROLINA ROCK =

For $13.50 Cash.

You can use this grade of goods profitably on

Oats, Potatoes,
Barley, Top dressing for wheat,
Corn, Top dressing for grass.

You can get nearer your money's value by buying South Carolina Rock Phosphate than any other grade of goods.

$13.50 is a popular figure.

Linden Hall.

The sick through this part of the valley are slightly improved.

Elmer Royer, of Centre Hall, visited with his brother Luther, at this place Saturday.

Among the many viewers at the ruins of the fire, were Samuel Kaup and bride of Boalsburg.

The storm and flood that struck here on Sunday afternoon, did some damage to the farms through this section.

George Markle, of near Pleasant Gap, spent Saturday and Sunday at his home at that place.

Oscar Williams, of Lemont, will spend a few weeks with his uncle, Robert Corl, at this place.

Edwin Yearick, of Nittany, visited with his many friends and relatives through this section during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Noll, of Pleasant Gap, spent Saturday visiting with friends at this place.

Some of the young people of this town attended the party at Walker Shutt's, at Boalsburg Friday evening.

John Bricker, of Boalsburg, was a pleasant caller in town Monday.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

To Pinehurst, N. C., Camden S. C., and all Florida Points.

The Florida And Metropolitan Limited and Florida and Atlanta East Mail are the finest and fastest trains operated between New York and the famous health resorts of the Carolinas and Florida.

Pinehurst, N. C. is a model New England town, nestled among the pinecad sand hills of the Old North State, and only eighteen hours from New York, via Seaboard Air Line Railway. It is one of the healthiest and most enjoyable winter resorts in America, with the finest and most palatial hotels and best eighteen hole golf links in the South. Through sleeping-cars from Washington, D. C. Passengers from north thereof can take through car by passing from New York Sleeper to Washington and Pinehurst Sleeping-Car at Washington.

Camden, S. C. is one of the nesrest resorts for northern tourists where they are secure from the cold climate of Northern winters. Besides its fame as a healthful and attractive winter resort, the historic interests connected with the town and locality are most quaint and interesting.

The Health and Pleasure Resorts of Florida are too well known to need more than a passing allusion. There you find the most luxurous hotels and most attractive and popular winter resorts in America.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is positively the shortest and quickest route operating solid vestibuled limited trains, with Pullman's latest improved service, including Dining, Observation and Pullman Compartment Cars, between New York and Florida.

For information and tickets call on or address Charles L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Hornton, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Dewey Gets $9,570.

The treasury department issued a warrant in favor of Admiral George Dewey for $9,570 on account of prize money found to be due him by the court of claims for the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor, May 1, 1898.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a,

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .
Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York,

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made. 13dec

JULIAN A. FLEMING,
Centre Hall, Pa.,
Agent for the
Johnston Harvester Co's
full line of
Harvesting Machines.
SELF BINDERS,
MOWERS,
RAKES, ETC.
Repairing Binders a Specialty.
I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

Oak Hall.

S. M. Bell and Alex Kuhn, of Boalsburg, are frequently noticed in town.

Mervin Kuhn, of this place, moved to Potters Mills Tuesday; he intends working for Alex McCoy this summer.

Dr. Kent and wife, of Linden Hall, were in town last week.

Luther Dale, of Pine Grove Mills, was the guest of his father, A. W. Dale one day last week.

Clifford Close, of this place, is visiting Luther Dale at Pine Grove Mills.

Mrs. Mary Stamm, of Altoona, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Peters, at this place.

Wm. Homan and Jacob Sharer, of Centre Hall, passed through town on Monday evening with some young cattle they bought at E. E Yarnell's sale.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kaup, of Bellefonte, visited his aged mother, Mrs. Wm. Kaup on Monday.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

The new fair ground at Bellefonte was badly flooded by the recent rains. The water covered the race track and several buildings have been washed away.

When you get the grip, you just begin to realize what a task it must be for doctors to keep in mind the many different medicines that drive the disease away—in time.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism.

From the Vindicator Rutherfordton, N. C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. E. Meyer, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. EDWARD SELLERS, Adm'r.
mar7-6t Centre Hall, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of David C. Young, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MARGARET C. YOUNG,
DAVID F. YOUNG,
28feb6t Executors, Colyer.

Anna Moyer } In the Court of Common Pleas
vs. } of Centre County No. 152,
Lester H. Moyer. } August Term, 1900
DIVORCE A. V. M.

The undersigned, a Commissioner appointed by the said Court to take the testimony of the parties, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Spring Mills, Pa., on Thursday, the 14th day of March A. D., 1901, at nine o'clock, a. m. of said day, when all parties interested will be given an opportunity to be heard.
M. B. HERRING, Commissioner.
Spring Mills, Pa. Feb. 21, 1901. 3t

NOTICE.—The undersigned having lost their books in the fire which destroyed the Irvin Hardware store, requests all persons indebted to come to them for settlement.
DANIEL IRVIN'S SONS.
feb28-3t Centre Hall, Pa.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER.
Centre Hall, Pa.
is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed. Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H. Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md. The book is dedicated to Rev W. H. Grob, formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Type writing. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
26 6m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.

To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j44 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

Woven Bed Springs, $1.65.

Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

SARAH E. WEBER,
Boalsburg, Penn'a.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waite, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Summer Normal.

A Summer Normal and Academic term will open Monday, April 15th, at Boalsburg and continue for eight weeks. Teachers, preparatory students for college, and others, will find the course adapted to their respective needs. JAS. C. BRYSON,
apr15 Principal.

Mrs. C. E Van Deusen, of Kilbourn, Wis., was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipation for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Rye	60
Corn	45
Oats	30
New Oats	30
Barley	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	12
Eggs	16
Lard	7½
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	70
Corn	45
Oats	30
Rye	60
Barley	18

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	60
Oats, new	25
Barley	50
New Potatoes	40
Eggs	16
Butter	18

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures Throat and Lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25¢&50cts
Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

Spring Mills, Pa.
P. V. S. STORE.

Clearing Sale,
Commencing January 26 th.

For 30 days I will offer at special prices Men's, Women's, Youths' and Children's Shoes and Felts. This clearing sale includes all styles and qualities. I must make room for my large spring orders. Do not miss this sale or you will miss the fortune of your life.

C. A. KRAPE.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed.

Our prices are very reasonable.

Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

Livery . . . .
. . . . D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table in effect Nov. 25, 1900.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON. EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.15 p. m., Baltimore 11.50 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 20. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton and intermediate stations. Week days for Renovo, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p m., New York 9.59 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p m. New York 5.58 a. m., Baltimore 2.45 p. m. Washington 10.55 p m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester and Erie

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.45 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Emma and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

9.30 p. m.—Train 9 1 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.20 a m, Harrisburg 7.55 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Weekdays arriving at Montandon 10.00 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a m, Washington 7.40 a m, Baltimore, 8.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 10.55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 11 leaves New York 1.25 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.05 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 67 leaves New York 1.55 p. m. Philadelphia 4.26 p m, Washington 2.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.50 p m. (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington

Train 8 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.31 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 3.35 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 921, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.30 p m, Washington 2.3 p. m., Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week days.

Westward. A M	STATIONS.	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40 Montandon	4 55
1 45	5 50 Lewisburg	4 47
1 52	6 58 Biehl	4 39
1 57	6 42 Vicksburg	4 35
2 05	6 50 Millmburg	4 27
2 16	7 02 Millmont	4 16
2 28	7 15 Glen Iron	4 08
2 51	7 40 Paddy Mountain	3 43
3 02	7 50 Coburn	3 32
3 08	7 57 Zerby	3 25
3 17	8 05 Rising Spring	3 17
3 28	8 11 Penn Cave	3 10
3 39	8 18 Centre Hall	3 02
3 45	8 24 Gregg	2 55
3 52	8 31 Linden Hall	2 48
3 56	8 35 Oak Hall	2 43
3 58	8 39 Lemont	2 38
4 04	8 45 Dale Summit	2 34
4 05	8 47 Pleasant Gap	2 24
4 06	8 58 Axemann	2 23
4 10	9 00 Bellefonte	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.15 a m, 1.15 5.10 and 8.00 p. m, returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.55, 9.30 a. m, 10.05 a. m. 5.05, 8.05 p.m. and 8.15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.30 a m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.08 p. m.

J. B HUTCHINSON, J. N. WOOD
General Manager. Gen'l Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m	p. m	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	10 30	...BELLEFONTE...	9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 51	6 42	.....Nigh.....	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	.....Zion.....	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 35	3 03	6 53	...Hecla Park...	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55	.....Dunkles.....	8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	.HUBLERSBURG.	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 14	7 03	...Snydertown...	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	.....Nittany.....	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	.....Huston.....	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	.....LAMAR.....	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 55	3 28	7 15	...Clintondale...	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	...Krider's Sta'g.	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24	...Mackeyville...	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	..Cedar Springs..	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	.....Salona.....	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	.....MILL HALL.	†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
1 45	8 10		.....Jersey Shore.....	3 25		7 55
12 20	8 45	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	12 50	†7 21	
†12 35	*11 50	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30	*6 55	
8 29	7 03		.....PHILA.....	†8 36	*11 36	
			.....Atlantic City.....			
			.....NEW YORK.....			
			(Via Tamaqua.)			
*10 40	†9 30		.....NEW YORK.....	†4 30	†9 00	
			(Via Phila.)			
p. m	a. m	Arr	Lve.	a. m	p. m.	

*Daily. †Week Days. §6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11 30 p m and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.38 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12½	8½	72	STATIONS.	WESTWARD 12½	74	112
PM	PM	AM	Ar. Lv.	A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45	.....Bellefonte.....	6 20	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40	.....Coleville.....	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37	.....Morris.....	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 25	.....Whitmer.....	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 08	12 49	8 21	.....Hunters.....	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28	.....Fillmore.....	6 55	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24	.....Brisly.....	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20	.....Waddle.....	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18	....Scotia Crossing....	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07	.....Krumrine.....	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04	.....Struble.....	7 20	11 24	5 01
5 31	12 22	8 02	.....Inn.....	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00	.....State College.....	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 14, 1901.

PERSONAL MENTION.
Coming and Going.—Visitors in and out of Town.

Mrs. Andrew Gregg, of Lemont, is visiting her parents near this place.

Enoch Sweeney, of Boalsburg, formerly a resident of this place, was in town Monday.

England rejected the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Secretary Hay is wondering "where are we at?"

Daniel Koch, of Fairbrook, arrived in Millheim Monday evening, to take up his position as clerk in J. P. Condo's store.

W. A. Boal will remove from Tyrone to Centre Hall this spring, and will occupy the house in which F. A. Foreman now lives.

Miss Margaret Evans, of Potters Mills, was the guest of Mrs. W. W. Boob and Miss Gertrude Spangler several days this week.

Wm. E. Grove, of Lemont, was among the half dozen gentlemen from up the valley who had business in Centre Hall Monday.

Will Williams after spending a few weeks at his home at Lemont, has gone back to Altoona, where he is employed in a large planing mill.

James A. Wert, one of the substantial citizens from the South side of Potter township, was a caller at the Reporter office, as was also Jacob Detwiler, of the same place.

Mrs. Charles Decker, of near Lemont, will make her home with her sister, Mrs. J. W. Whiteman, in this place, until her husband locates permanently in the far west.

Will Keller is recovering from an attack of appendicitis, and will be able to close out his school term. He is teacher of the second grade school at Pine Grove Mills.

Samuel Klinefelter, who is at present farming for Hon. L. Rhone, and Milton Kline, of Pleasant Gap, tenant an the Hamilton farm, will move to the Spicher farm, on the Boalsburg road.

J. E. Reed, of Pine Grove Mills, and his uncle, J. S. Reed, of the same place, had business in Centre Hall Tuesday. The former young man spent a short time at this office and reported everything O. K. at Pine Grove Mills.

Jacob Sharer will move from his farm east of Centre Hall to the Bernard Wagner farm, near Centre Hill, owned by Merchant W. H. Meyer and the estate of A. E. Meyer. George Hettinger will move on the Sharer farm.

W. B. Rankin, insurance agent of Bellefonte, was in town on business Monday. Mr. Rankin will have something of interest to say through the Reporter in a short time to those holding insurance in companies he represents.

John Spicher, of near Centre Hall, will become a resident of the borough in the spring, and will occupy the McCulley house on Main street. Porter Odenkirk will move into the west portion of the double house near the school building.

Malcolm D. Fleming, who has been in town, his former home, for the past four weeks, Wednesday left for Baltimore, Md. He is undecided whether he will remain east or return to Urbana, Ohio, where he had been located for the past four years.

Tuesday afternoon the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Gault of Bellefonte, was the scene of a very happy and joyous event. It was the giving in marriage of their two daughters Misses Ella and Stella E. Gault to Harry E. Stover and Alfred F. Showers, respectively.

Wm. R. Homan, son of Samuel Homan, of Farmers Mills, spent a short time pleasantly in the Reporter office Tuesday. Mr. Homan is home from the Central Pennsylvania College, New Berlin, for a short time. He will finish his fourth year at that institution in June, at which time he will graduate.

Jeff. M. Heckman and John Smith, of Spring Mills, were in town Tuesday. Mr. Heckman is engaged in farming, and if you want to see a stable of good horses kept like the noble animals are deserving of being cared for, you can find them under his barn roof. The farmer who takes pride in his horse stock is not likely to neglect anything else connected with the farm.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Tressler, of near Penns Cave, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sellers in this place. Like many others during the past six months, Mr. Tressler concluded that living would be considerably more agreeable if the news of the day was obtained by reading the Reporter, and for that purpose he called at this office.

Thursday evening of last week about twenty young ladies and gentlemen spent a very pleasant evening at the residence of Mrs. Samuel Snyder. The occasion being a farewell party given by Mrs. Snyder in honor of Miss Ida C. Rhoads. Mrs Snyder is an amiable hostess and right royally did she entertain those present. After the pleasures of the evening refreshments were served and every one went home feeling that the evening had been well spent.

Lemont.

The warm weather of the last few days has melted all the snow and this combined with Sunday night's rain raised the water in the creek until it overflowed its banks.

Linn Bottorf has secured a position in the freight department of the C. R. R. of Pa. He entered upon his new duties Monday morning. Prof. Krise will finish his term of school.

Wm. E. Miller, of the firm of Miller and Lucas, coach makers and general blacksmiths, is a hustling young man and is building up a large trade. If you want a first class buggy, sleigh, or a good job of general blacksmithing give Miller a call.

Boalsburg

The High School Athletic Association postponed their entertainment until the coming Saturday evening.

John E. Murray, of Lemont, visited his brother W. A. Murray Saturday.

Mrs. John Jacobs was called to Altoona to care for her mother, Mrs. Hannah Burchfield, who is sick at the home of her son George.

John Hook made a trip to the county seat Tuesday.

A son of George Jordan, of Shingletown, died last Tuesday and was buried on the same day at Shiloh.

Mrs. Thomas Hunter and her two daughters left Friday morning for New Castle, for a visit of several weeks.

D. B. Th[illegible] of Shingletown, sold a fine horse [illegible] for one hundred and fifty dollars to Thomas Decker, of State College.

A young daughter arrived at the home of Foster Jordon last Saturday.

Rev. Love, of Spruce Creek, exchanged pulpits with Rev. Hepler last Sunday.

The auditors met in the town hall on Monday with the out going officials to audit their accounts.

Examination will be held Saturday, March 23, by the principal of the schools, for the purpose of examining those seeking admission to the Grammar School and also to the High School. Examinations for diplomas will be held at the same time by a committee appointed by County Superintendent.

Potters Mills.

Mrs. Susan Burkholder, of Milroy, is visiting her many friends at this place.

John Slack will move on his farm next Tuesday.

Thomas Palmer, son of James Palmer, has a fine lot of chicks about three months old; they will certainly be the first on the market.

Miss Laura Faust has returned home to stay.

Alex McCoy lost a fine horse last week with lock jaw.

A. C. Alexander is very happy, and says the two little boys may stay.

Millheim.

Messrs. Hancock, Angle and West, of Danville, were in town Monday attending to some business relative to the hosiery mill.

Mrs. J. C. Smith returned to her home on Penn street on Monday, after having spent several weeks with her parents, near Salona.

The rain Saturday and Sunday, together with the melting snow and ice, almost flooded part of the town. The lower part of Main street was under water and it came very near running into one or two of the houses whose foundations are not very high. On Penn street it was not so bad, and although nearly all of the cellars on the west side of the street were flooded, no serious damage was done.

Prof. H. N. Meyer and wife, of Penn Hall, took up their residence in a part of Mrs. Sarah Campbell's house, on Main street Monday.

After having visited his parents in this place for the last few weeks, Clayton Maize left for his home in Illinois last Thursday; he was accompanied by Robert Funk, a son of Calvin Funk on North street, who will work for him next summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Morris and their little son Harold, of Clearfield, are spending some time in town as guests at the homes of Dr. F. E. Gutelius and C. H. Morris.

Miss Lizzie Gutelius, of Mifflinburg, spent Sunday at the home of Dr. F. E. Gutelius, on Main street.

Prof. H. I. Brungart, of Rebersburg, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Rebersburg.

The young people of town, a crowd of twenty, had a party at the hotel last Friday night, and spent a delightful evening. At eleven o'clock they were called to the dining room, where they partook of oysters, ice cream and cake. It is needless to say every one had a delightful time, which was largely due to the royal entertainment of Miss Annie Nearhood.

Mrs. Susan Strohecker, one of the oldest ladies of town, has been ill for over a week.

Quite a number of the houses in town had water in their cellars Monday, caused by the heavy rains on Sunday night.

Spring Mills.

Sleighing is a thing of the past.

H. M. Cain is able to be about again.

Mrs. O. T. Corman and children are visiting Mrs. Corman's mother, at Madisonburg.

Mrs. Willis Rishell, of Montgomery, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Ruhl.

Maurice Runkle, of Bellefonte, was here visiting her many friends.

Emanuel Smith and son Gurney, of Potters Mills, Sundayed with his mother and brother. Mr. Smith is one of the leading merchants of that town.

The late rains have made the roads almost impassable on account of the deep snow drifts; the water in Penns creek is bank high.

D. H. Ruhl's sale was well attended; everything brought good prices.

There will be more renters than houses this spring.

Mother Neese has been housed up with grip for several weeks.

Miss Bertha Wolf, of Centre Hall, visited at the home of J. Wells Evans Saturday and Sunday.

Ray Allison, of Howard, has accepted a clerkship in C. P. Long's store.

The rain Sunday night raised the creek so high that some of the houses were in danger; should the ice make a break it might cause damage along the creek.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, wishes you to sit for photos Friday of this week at his gallery at Centre Hall.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. Boob, of Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Mileage Tickets Reduced.

One thousand mile tickets, good over the whole system of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, including the State of Florida, and sold at $25 00, previously sold in Florida at $30 00, and are honored between Washington and Richmond, and by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company between Baltimore and Portsmouth, over "Bay Line."

Pinehurst And Southern Pines, N. C. Improved Through Pullman Service via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

The Seaboard Air Line Railroad is now operating through drawing-room sleeping cars from New York to Southern Pines and Washington to Pinehurst, N. C. These famous health and pleasure resorts are model New England towns nestled among the pine-clad sand hills of North Carolina, only eighteen hours from New York City. The finest and largest hotels in the State, with numerous private cottages and first-class boarding houses. Every variety of out door sports, with the finest eighteen hole golf links in the south. Trains leave New York, 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, 12:10 A. M. and 12:55 P. M., and Washington 8:35 A. M. and 6:55 P. M. For information and tickets address Chas. L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Horton, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

CENTRE HALL
CARRIAGE & WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs.
Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

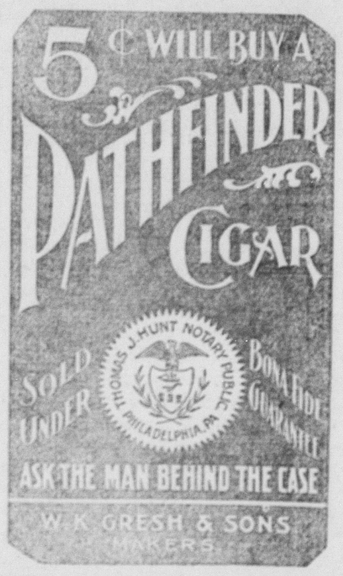
N. B.—We still have one of those first-class new hand-made Top Buggies, with leather trimings, spring cushion and back, that we offer at a great sacrifice price until April 12.

J. T. LEE,
Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

To Our Customers:

We have just received a complete line of Johnson Bros. Queensware and Glassware, also a lot of Dry Goods and Notions.
Your patronage is always appreciated, no matter how small your purchase. You may rest assured it will be our constant aim to sell you the best goods that can be obtained, and at reasonable prices.

H. F. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, . . . Pa



We have a small lot of
Woolen Blankets
left at reduced prices. Also a small lot of
HORSE BLANKETS
at reduced prices. A few
DUCK -:- COATS
also in stock that will be sold very reasonable.
...A fine line of...
Heavy Winter Shoes
at very low prices.
KREAMER & SON.

WE LEAD, OTHERS FOLLOW.

Our stock of FURNITURE was never so complete as at the present time and consists of
Chamber Suits of all descriptions, Couches, Rockers, Morris Chairs, Ladies' Writing Desks, Sideboards, Wardrobes, Cribs, Chiffoniers, Large Mirrors, Clocks, Fine Rugs, Etc., Etc.
These goods will be sold during the next 30 days at reduced rates.
DON'T MISS SEEING THEM.
Parties who purchase to the amount of $5.00 will get one bottle of Furniture Polish FREE and toll paid.
JOHN SMITH & BRO., SPRING MILLS.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."
WINCHESTER
Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.
"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

Clean Linen.
Nothing is more suggestive of the gentleman than clean linen. Give your shirts, cuffs and collars to Wm. McCoy Wolf and have them laundered at the Bellefonte Steam Laundry.

The Best Nursery Stock.
I can promptly supply all kinds of nursery stock, the very best. All the leading varieties of peach trees grown in fine, healthy nurseries, free from all plant diseases or insect pests; also all other kinds of fruit trees. Guarantee of genuineness. Full particulars on application. JAMES MCCAULEY
mar7 3t Mifflintown, Pa.

While Miss Mabel Bowman, who is still in her teens, was passing down Eleventh avenue, Altoona, with her pretty auburn hair braided down her back, a dark skinned individual stepped from a doorway and cut off the plait with a keen-edged knife.

Auction!

Friday Night, Saturday all Day.

Saturday afternoon for the ladies especially, so if the men want to attend Blauser's farm sale they can do so.
Saturday night children under 15 years of age not admitted.
If you want some bargains in the meantime you can get them, as I still have a nice assortment, but some lines are closing out each day.

G. H. LONG.
Spring Mills, - - Penn'a

CHAMBERSBURG BUSINESS COLLEGE,
Memorial Square, National Bank Building.
Courses in
BOOKKEEPING, ARITHMETIC, RAPID CALCULATION, STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, GRAMMAR and CORRESPONDENCE, COMMERCIAL LAW, ORTHOGRAPHY & PENMANSHIP.
An Actual Business Practice, a Complete Banking System and a Universal Dictation Course are being added to our already thorough courses.
Students can enter at any time.
Day and night sessions.
Day students admitted to Night sessions without extra charge.
Students assisted to positions when thoroughly qualified.
Rates and supplies lower than other schools of this kind.
Anyone contemplating taking any course given by us will do well to address,
E. S. KIPKA, Principal, Chambersburg, Pa.

GRANT HOOVER
Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.
The Best is the Cheapest.....
No mutuals; no assessments.
...Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

THE NEW YORK WORLD and THE CENTRE REPORTER } One Year, $1.65.

The New York World, thrice a week editions, and The Centre Reporter, can be had one year for $1.65, cash in advance.
Old subscribers to the Reporter who have paid a year's subscription to the present management of this paper can secure the World one year for sixty-five (65) cents. That puts all paid up subscribers to the Reporter on an equal footing. The regular price of the World is $1.00 cash in advance. The regular price of the Centre Reporter is $1.00 cash in advance. The two can be had for $1.65.

BANKS.

Penn's Valley Banking Company,
CENTRE HALL, PA.
Receives Deposits, Discounts Notes.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier. auly

ATTORNEYS.

HUGH S. TAYLOR,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business promptly attended to. aug95

J. H. ORVIS. C. M. BOWER. E. J. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
Attorneys at Law,
BELLEFONTE PA.
Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. 26jul99

David F. Fortney. W. Harrison Walker.
FORTNEY & WALKER.
Attorney at Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office north of Court House.

CLEMANT DALE,
Attorney at Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jan87

W. G. RUNKLE,
Attorney-at-Law,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider Exchange.

S. D. GETTIG,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English. Office, 1 Exchange Building.

N. B. SPANGLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider Exchange Building. nov192

G. L. OWENS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
TYRONE, PA.
Our Specialty: Collections and Reports.
References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep 00

J. F. GARTHOFF,
Justice of the Peace, Practical Surveyor, and Conveyancer, COBURN, PA.

HOTELS.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL,
J. W. Runkle, Manager.
Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Central for fishing and hunting. may697

OLD FORT HOTEL,
S. B. SHAFFER, Proprietor.
Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished
Best Liquors. Fine Stabling.

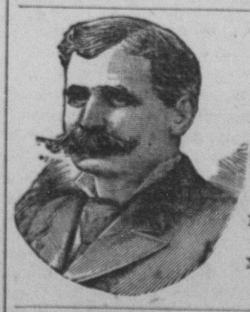
HOTEL HAAG,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.
Rates $1.00 per day.
East Bishop Street.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Proprietor.

BUSH HOUSE,
W. L. Daggett, Proprietor,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Special attention given to country trade. apr90

NEW GARMAN HOUSE,
Opposite Court House,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

SPRING MILLS HOTEL,
D. H. Ruhl, Proprietor,
SPRING MILLS, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains.

NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Free bus to and from all trains. Good sample rooms on first floor. Special rates to witnesses and jurors.



To Repair Broken Articles use
Major's Cement
Remember
MAJOR'S RUBBER CEMENT,
MAJOR'S LEATHER CEMENT.

DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores. Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

AT SEA.

O, we go down to sea in ships—
But Hope remains behind,
And Love, with laughter on his lips,
And Peace of passive mind;
While out across the deeps of night,
With lifted sails of prayer,
We voyage off in quest of light,
Nor find it anywhere.
O, Thou, who wroughtest earth and sea,
Yet keepest from our eyes
The shores of an eternity
In calms of Paradise,
Blow back upon our foolish quest
With all the driving rain,
Of blinding tears and wild unrest,
And waft us home again.
—James Whitcomb Riley.

Sandvig and St. Xavier.

BY FRANKLIN WELLES CALKINS.

When Hercules Dousman was chief factor for the Astor Company at Prairie du Chien, he used frequently to tell the story of Sandvig and St. Xavier, who were perhaps as oddly assorted a pair of friends and partners as ever got together.

They were trappers. Ole Sandvig was a flaxen-haired Norse giant, who stood six feet four in his moccasins, weighed over two hundred pounds, and had not an ounce of flesh to spare. Denis St. Xavier was a dwarf in size, black as an Indian, and bow-legged as a voyager boatman. Ole was the soul of good humor, and Denis was choleric and at times rashly abusive.

Both, however, were of undoubted courage, and more than once the hot-headed little French-Canadian was rescued from the perils of a dangerous quarrel by the prowess and vast strength of his big partner.

There had been a protracted and severe drought in the upper Mississippi country, and the smaller streams and lakes had all gone dry. Fur-bearing creatures were driven in upon the large streams, and the Mississippi itself became prime trapping-ground for gathering beaver, muskrat, mink and otter pelts. As there was little snow for several winters, many of the trappers made their daily rounds upon skates, and covered a wide extent of territory.

During the last of these dry years Sandvig and St. Xavier chose trapping-grounds some fifty miles below Prairie du Chien and above the mouth of an Iowa river. There were, as these trappers believed, no Indians wintering nearer than the villages of the Sacs and Foxes some distance away, and they put out long lines of traps without attempt at concealment.

One night in November there came a "dry freeze" which scaled the Mississippi over with glare ice, and when, on the following day, the trappers went their rounds on skates, both were much astonished and mystified to find that every trap had been stoken on each bank of the river.

When they compared experiences at night, they came to the conclusion that Indians must be lurking in the neighborhood. On the next morning they skated down the Mississippi to the mouth of the little river some miles below their shack, and there discovered traces of two canoes which had evidently broken through a thin scum of ice in making their way upstream.

Instantly the mystery of the stolen traps was solved. Indians had, early on the night of the first freeze, gathered the whole "line." In returning in their canoes, they had found the mouth of the small stream thinly covered with ice.

St. Xavier broke out in a frightful temper, and to Ole's advice that they secure aid from the trappers up the river he would not listen. What were five, six, ten pilfering Indians, he asked, that two good men should fear them? Had not Baptiste Le Bon gone alone to Wabasha's Sioux village after his stolen gun, and didn't he make them give it up? Well, then!

And so the two skated on up the little river in search of the thieves.

And they ran quite suddenly upon an Indian village of newly built lodges—a dozen or fifteen of them—upon a marsh island formed by an arm, or broad bayou, of the river. The lodges were of woven willow built in a marsh of tall corn-stalk grass, with closely tied bundles of which they were heavily thatched. They were protected from fires by the watercourses, and from the winds of winter by the thick fringes of willows.

The trappers boldly approached this Iowa town, walking up a narrow path where the swaying corn-stalk tops brushed Ole Sandvig's shoulders.

But when, on arriving at the lodge of the chief, they found that Conkey John, a notorious Musquakie scalawag, was "head man," they abandoned all hope of immediately recovering their traps. Only the summer before, at "the prairie," St. Xavier had offended this redoubtable scoundrel by telling him some emphatic truths about his dishonorable career.

Nevertheless the trappers boldly entered Conkey John's teepee, and demanded their traps and peltries. Conkey John's answer was characteristic of that wily thief. The fellow had picked up, somehow, a fair smattering of English.

"Ho! You tlaps?" he inquired. "Heap Sac up libber (river). He go by las' night. Him have many tlap; heap muslat; heap skin."

The trappers knew Conkey John lied, and his shrewdly twinkling eyes betrayed his enjoyment of the situation.

St. Xavier poured forth a torrent of angry threats, until Sandvig, dragging him from the lodge, compelled him to be quiet. There was nothing for it but to return to Prairie du Chien empty-handed, and the sensible Norwegian wished to make a prudent retreat from so dangerous a nest of freebooters.

A wind, which had risen that morning, had increased to a gale, and was blowing directly in their faces as the trappers put on their skates at the lower extremity of the island. Ole Sandvig cast several furtive glances behind him, and cocked his gun. When he had securely fastened his skates, the Norseman rose to peer over the top of the waving grass.

At the same moment St. Xavier's rifle cracked, and Sandvig turned to see that the angry Frenchman had fired into a thick tuft of grass. Instantly Ole darted forward to smother the first tiny shoot of flame, but the wily Denis tripped him, and both men sprawled on the ice.

Before Sandvig could regain his feet, flames, blown upon by the high wind, leaped higher than his head.

"Now come!" he shouted angrily at his mate. "Ve sall boto be killed, oder ve skato mighty fast already!"

But St. Xavier could not skate at all. In the collision with Sandvig he had broken both runners. He was already unbuckling the useless skates. He looked up, grinning ruefully.

"De las' of St. Xavier," he said. "Ole, you geet out of dis."

The big Norwegian glared at his audacious partner for an instant while the flames crackled and roared inland. "De onliest time," St. Xavier used to say afterward, "dat ever I see Ole Sandvig mad."

Ole wasted no words in his wrath. He flung off his greasy leather coat, cut off the sleeves and ripped them into string. Then he seized the little Frenchman, bundled him into the armless garment, and made the live package fast to his belt behind. Then, leaving both their guns upon the ice, he skated away into the teeth of the wind.

Thus helplessly dragged, St. Xavier looked back to see the Indian town already ablaze, and the helpless Musquakies, men, women and children, running out upon the ice. Now that he had time to reflect, he doubted if, with his short legs and heavy body, he could even have skated away from those Indians. Some of them would of course cross the V-shaped peninsula between the rivers to throw themselves across Ole's path, and others would follow directly upon his trail.

Ole was a magnificent skater, but St. Xavier knew that he was a heavy drag. He wished he had clung to his gun, and made Ole save himself.

The big Norseman bent against the fierce wind, and plied his skates with might and main. If only he might make the turn, some three or four miles distant, and get started with the wind before those Indians should cross the neck! That was Ole's sole hope of escape.

Not once did the swift skater look behind. Bent almost double, he turned curve after curve of the river, and the helpless St. Xavier slipped and slewed, and sometimes rolled over and over at his heels. A half-hour's struggle against the fierce gale left Ole pretty well blown when the turn came; and even then he dared not abate his tremendous exertion. He skated almost at the speed of the gale for two miles or more.

Then, in emerging from an island channel, the skater saw that his long and exhausting burst of speed had been without avail.

The fleet-footed Musquakie runners were ahead of him. Ranged across the ice-channel, a score of Indians stood ready to converge their line upon any point at which he might aim. And owing to the great drought, the channel was less than a quarter of a mile in width.

At first Ole was inclined to turn back and race against the wind again. Then his shrewd eyes, running along the row of clearly outlined figures, noted that the Indians were armed, if armed at all, with their knives only. Seeing that he and St. Xavier had discarded their guns, they had themselves raced across the neck in lightest running gear; and so Sandvig, gathering his energies for a mighty burst of speed, bore down upon the left wing of the enemy. Their center and right swung about in a sliding, scrambling semicircle to close in upon him.

Instead of attempting to dodge the gathering knot in his front, Sandvig dove straight at the group. He knocked two Indians out of his path, and tore through the crowd of savages like a cannon-ball. Nevertheless, he felt an extra tug at his rope, and glancing behind, saw that an Indian was clinging to one of St. Xavier's feet.

Ole then gave himself up for lost. His speed was greatly retarded by this fresh clog, and a horde of yelling Indians were at his heels. But St. Xavier drew the sliding Indian toward him by simply doubling his legs, and then delivered a kick with his free foot, which, being well directed, rid him of his incubus.

Nevertheless, Ole, tired and breathless, was now no more than a match for the Indian runners. These were clad only in shirts and leggins, and, almost as sure-footed as the skater, leaped and slid on their moccasins now almost as fast as the tired trapper on his steel runners.

At the end of another quarter-hour the pursuers were running like a persistent wolf-pack close upon Ole's heels. Ten or twelve of them were so close that a single mishap would pile them, in a vengeful heap, on Ole and St. Xavier.

As for the Frenchman, he found some satisfaction in shouting defiance at the Musquakies. Having one free arm, he also flourished at them a knife which he held ready, at the last extremity, to cut the thong above his head, and thus leave Ole free to fight or save himself if he should choose.

The Indians made no answer to St. Xavier's revilings. Like the skater, they bent every energy upon winning the hotly contested race, and they were pricked on by the keenest of savage incentives—the lust for revenge. Even when one fell forward upon all fours, as now and then happened, the fierce wind and his own impetus bore him forward until, catlike, he had regained his feet without perceptible loss of speed.

Thus the race continued; then, in turning an island, the skater caught the glimmer of an almost imperceptible line of white blisters, or ice-bubbles, a hundred yards in front of him. There, he knew, was a streak of thin ice where a swift cross-current ran round the island bars. He had already avoided several such air-holes, but now he continued straight on.

He slackened his speed until a dozen or more of the Indians were almost upon him. These were gripping their knives for a final and desperate rush when the cunning skater darted aside at a sharp angle, avoiding the ice-bubbles by a dangerous margin.

The ice cracked under him, and St Xavier's heels actually broke through as Sandvig, quartering the wind in a mighty swoop, shot past the thin strip in a flight like that of a wheeling hawk.

The Indians saw their danger, but too late. In vain they flung themselves upon their faces or their backs in the hope to slide over the cracking ice. The foremost broke through in a twinkling, and one after another a dozen plumped into the widening breach, and floundered up to their armpits and necks in a freezing current.

St. Xavier shouted. Ole Sandvig too, stopped at a safe distance to get his breath, and then to indulge in a great Norse roar of laughter.

The pursuit was effectively checked The stalled Musquakies had, in fact hard enough work to save their lives. Sandvig and St. Xavier were a mile away when the last one was fished out over the bending, breaking ice.

The trappers reached Prairie du Chien that evening, and there Sandvig cut loose from his partnership with St Xavier. He declared he would have nothing further to do with such a venturesome fool.

"Nevertheless," Dousman was wont to add, "after Denis had moped about the fort for several months, like a love-sick and disappointed squaw, the two went off together again."—Youth's Companion.

SOME IRON AND STEEL RIDDLES.

Changes in Tensile Strength and Elasticity.

In view of our apparently extensive knowledge of the nature of iron and steel, it may seem strange to still speak about riddles wrought in these metals. Nevertheless, in everyday practice, we are constantly confronted by riddles of one kind or another when dealing with iron and steel, particularly the latter.

Why is it that we can raise the strength of soft staybolt iron of, say 47,000 pounds per square inch, to 60,000 pounds per square inch either by heat treatment or by repeated application of stress? Why is steel coming from the rolls or hammer weaker, and less ductile, than the same steel is after lying a day or two, or, better still, a week?

There is no doubt that many tons of suitable material have been either thrown out by the mill people themselves or were rejected by the inspectors because it failed to meet specifications, causing needless vexation and friction simply because neither the one nor the other of the parties knew that steel is in a disturbed physical state after rolling or hammering, no matter how good the material, and should be left to rest, the longer the better. Now, what takes place in the steel during the period of rest?

Another riddle is that we can raise the elastic limit and ultimate strength by a successive application of stresses very much above the original strength. What law, if it is a law, governs this phenomenon? Personally, the author is convinced that many errors of design or inherent weakness of the steel have been modified in their probable consequences, and breakdowns averted, by this peculiar property of steel to gain strength, if allowed to rest after having been subject to stresses within certain limits. It was the knowledge of this fact which enabled the author of fight for steel and defend steel for structural purposes at a time when that metal was not yet a favorite with the engineer by any means. We are all familiar with the discovery of cast iron getting stronger by tumbling in a tumbling barrel, but for all we know it is still an unsolved riddle what the conditions really are producing such effects.—Paul Kreuzpointner, in Cassier's Magazine.

Colors and Smells.

A German botanist is said to have discovered that out of 4,300 species of flowers cultivated in Europe, only 420 possess an agreeable perfume. Flowers with white or cream-colored petals are more frequently odoriferous than others. Next in order come the yellow flowers, then the red, after them in blue, and finally the violet, of which only 13 varieties out of 303 give off a pleasing perfume. In the whole list 3,880 varieties are offensive in odor, and 2,300 have no perceptible smell, either good or bad.—Youth's Companion.

GARDEN AND FARM

CULTIVATION OF QUINCE TREES.

But few farms contain quince trees. One or two quince trees will be found valuable for a family. The quince tree is a great feeder and requires cultivation, as it soon shows the effects of neglect. In the markets there is seldom a full supply of quinces, and they bring good prices.

ROUGH FEED FOR SHEEP.

Watch the feed racks and see that everything is eaten clean within two hours from feeding time. For rough feed the greater variety the better. Good clover hay is the best, and bright corn fodder next. Timothy cut when in early bloom is also excellent.

BEST DIRECTION OF LABOR.

Farmers do not always devote their labor in the best direction. A garden may be expensive if not carefully attended to, as the weeds soon take possession. The receipts from a garden may also be less than the cost of the product, but the season, kind of crops grown and rainfall affect the results. There is one point in favor of a garden, however, which cannot be disregarded, which is that the farmer can never buy as good fruits and vegetables as he can grow. No vegetables shipped to the farm can possibly be as fresh as those taken from the garden and used immediately.

VALUE OF DAIRY SCHOOLS.

The National Stockman publishes the following article: During one of the sessions of the convention at Fairmont, Minn., the discussion turned on the value of the dairy school, when back in the audience a gentleman arose and told this story: "I was out West, working in a creamery and earning $300 a year. With a wife and several children I had a hard time to get along. I was doing the best I could, but the butter did not always bring market price and I became somewhat discouraged. Finally I borrowed $50 and went to the Minnesota dairy school. There I learned everything within reach, and when I went out again I found a place at $60 a month, and whatever prosperity I have since had is due to the month that I spent at the dairy school." We think that this might be the history of others who have attended dairy schools in other States besides Minnesota. This man has since taken many prizes at State fairs and conventions, received the sweepstakes prize at the National Creamery Buttermakers' Association in Topeka, Kansas, in 1898, and the first prize at the Paris Exposition last summer. Not every one could do as well, but he had the determination to succeed, and only needed to be taught how to do it. One such case would repay the expense of many days of school.

WATERING IN STABLES.

At a farmer's institute in Ontario one stock feeder said both milch cows and fattening stock should have water constantly by them in the barn. He usually watered from a tank twelve feet deep and twelve feet in diameter, filled by water from the roof, so arranged that they could have water when they pleased. By an accident to this tank he was obliged for a time to bring water from a spring and watered at regular hours, and while he could not estimate the loss to the fattening cattle, he knew that two milch cows fell off one-third in their milk as a result. His neighbor, also a feeder, thought it was necessary for the stock to be turned out every day for water and exercise. By keeping his cattle in the stable and water constantly within reach of them, he fatted his for market in six weeks less time than his neighbor, and sold them at 50 cents per hundred weight more than the neighbor received. We think he did not overestimate the importance of having water where they could drink when they wished to do so, and take it little and often, but we think some of the difference is due to the temperature of water in the tank and that from a spring or well. The supply from the tank would seldom reach below 60 degrees if it was properly made, while well or spring water is usually below 50 degrees, and if run into a trough may be much lower in cold weather.—American Cultivator.

HOW TO MAKE A START.

It is time to decide which you will do, buy eggs of some pure breed or purchase a trio or more of birds, if you have not pure stock. There are advantages in either way of getting pure stock. Personally I prefer purchasing a trio or more of birds. The first cost of birds or eggs depends upon how many are purchased. From $10 worth of eggs one can hardly expect to have more than 24 pullets for next season, not so many choice ones, and probably six salable roosters. While the chicks will all be of an age, you may have them of an age from two or three hens, by saving the eggs until there are several dozens, and the hatching per cent. will doubtless be higher from one's own birds than from shipped eggs, if the birds and eggs are cared for properly.

From $10 worth of birds purchased last February I now have 28 very nice pullets, sold five roosters for breeding purposes, have five more on hand and also the original birds, except one which was stolen. The birds secured last February were fine young ones, and almost every egg hatched. I saved the eggs until I had enough to set under four hens and set all at once. The eggs were turned every other day, kept dark and cool and hatched vigorous chicks with few exceptions.

Examine the birds for lice as soon as received, also watch for symptoms of cold. Don't expect them to begin laying immediately; they will need some time to rest after January. Don't get them unless you can give them more than scrub care. When settings of eggs are received, let them rest 24 hours before placing under hens or in an incubator. The variety does not matter so much if you get good ones of the breed.—Emma Clearwaters, in New England Homestead.

FEEDING BEES.

I have tried many ways of feeding bees, and have found none as good and practical as this. I have a frame or two of empty comb for the super of an empty top hive, and at evening, after the bees are about done flying, I remove the cover, take out the frame and fill the combs with syrup, honey, or whatever I choose to feed. By morning they will have it all carried below and stored away in the brood chamber, and outside bees will not know anything about it. By this method my bees get all the benefit of feeding at the entrance. You must shut your bees in in order to shut the robber bees out. I have had many bees drowned in the patent feeder. Under the plan described I have had no trouble from robbers taking the food prepared for the needy ones. I do not leave my bees shut up all day by forgetting to relieve them. When feeding at the entrance they will take the food when the weather will not permit them to fly out.—F. R. French, in the Epitomist.

THE SAVING IN CATTLE FOODS.

The saving in cattle foods by the use of the whole stalks of corn, and the reduction of straw by cutting, has done more for farmers within the past ten years than any other system of feeding. The shredder cuts and tears the stalks, removing the ears at the same time. The hard outer covering of the stalks is torn, and cattle will not reject so much as formerly. The most important advantage in shredding the stalks is that as all portions are made fine they can be used in the stalls for bedding or thrown on the manure heap in a condition which renders them of great aid in preserving manure. Root cutters or pulpers are now so improved that but a few minutes are required to slice a bushel of carrots or turnips, even by hand, but where a farmer has tread power or a small gasoline engine a large amount of food can be prepared in a day. The rapidity with which food can be cut, and the fact that the work can be done in winter, under shelter, enables the farmer to keep more stock in proportion to the crops grown.

SHORT AND USEFUL POINTS.

Whitewashing the poultry-house is seasonable at any time.

One of the best forms of economy on the farm is to protect the stock from the cold.

When the weather is cold scald the morning mash and feed it to the hens while warm.

Buckwheat or millet are not dear, as a rule, and the poultry are very fond of them.

Experience has plainly shown that clover is a most nutritious and desirable food for poultry.

Wheat bran is a material that can be fed to cows to an advantage during every month in the year.

Farmers who market anything should make it their business to find out the value of uniformity.

Unless it is intended that the dry cow be fattened, care should be taken not to feed any fattening food.

There is no longer any doubt as to whether a man owning ten or more cows should have a separator or not.

Don't turn a valuable colt over to anyone to train for you unless you are fully satisfied that he is a competent man.

Hogs should not be fed for twenty-four hours before slaughtering. When fed within this time they do not bleed freely.

Only the best of stock should be kept. No amount of feeding or care will make an inferior animal the equal of a good one.

Why don't the farmers raise a few Guinea hens? Their flesh makes excellent eating, and affords a variety in the poultry line.

It is much better to feed a cow every ounce of food that she can possibly take care of than to try and make your profit by cutting off on the feed bill.

As the cow's udder is a very delicate gland, the farmer should bestow great care and attention upon it. Might as well upset the milk pail as upset the udder.

The careful dairyman usually knows just about how much food each cow can eat and digest. There is no more money in giving stock food that they cannot use than there is in starving them.

Dry-picked poultry sells the best. When picked, let it lie until all the animal heat is out of it, and then pack in nice clean barrels or boxes. This is one of the many ways of getting good prices.

It is suggested as a preventative of lice that a piece of burlap sacking be tacked on the roosts and saturated with kerosene. This ought to work good, and should be of especial value during the summer months when lice are so troublesome.

MURDEROUS FLOWERS.

SOME ATROCITIES COMMITTED BY ATTRACTIVE PLANTS.

The Treacherous Nature of the Arum Lily—Death Meted Out to Unhappy Flies by the Pitcher Plant—Criminals Executed by a Plant in China.

Professor Bottomley, in a recent lecture at the London Institution, mentioned the treacherous nature of the common arum lily, or cuckoo-pint, which, after attracting flies by entertaining them upon the sweet pollen stored in its interior, imprisons them for the purpose of fertilization, says the London Daily Mail. Sometimes when the flower withers the fly escapes alive, although intoxicated, but at others it dies in the clutch of the arum.

Death more certain is meted out to unhappy flies by the pitcher plant (Nephenthes Dormaniana), which offers to the insects a cool, refreshing drink, stored in the curious pitcher-shaped vessel which forms the bloom and gives the flower its name. Upon the invitation being accepted, the insect is drowned in the very liquid proffered to it as a beverage, and afterward assimilated into the substance of the flower. This feat is very well imitated by another plant called Dionea muscipula (fly-catcher), and both of these may be seen committing their atrocities "in full working order" at Kew.

For wiping out the fly family, however, Rafflesia Arnoldi has the biggest reputation. This plant has a large crimson blossom, giving off the odor of carrion flesh, a perfume irresistible to any fly of taste. In this apparently delightful spot the confiding female deposits its eggs, and goes on its way rejoicing, only to find on returning that the rafflesia has dissolved the lot. In this way a single bloom will destroy hundreds of thousands of embryo flies in a year.

A plant which kills men who have known it all their lives is one that is to be found in thousands of gardens throughout the United Kingdom. This is the variety of ordinary garden primula known as obconica, and many gardeners have met their deaths at its hands. When potting up this plant the experienced horticulturist usually wears gloves, for if there is the least scratch or thorn prick on the fingers, and one of the leaves of the primula should happen to touch it, blood-poisoning is almost always sure to follow. When erysipelas intervenes, which is by no means infrequently, it is usually fatal, as there appears to be no reliable cure for this disease when arising from such a cause.

That dozens of people die annually by indiscriminately eating berries and other things without any knowledge of their nature is, of course, a well-known fact, but where the plant itself aids by masquerading under false pretences they are not so much to blame. This is the case with the aconite, which in appearance and flavor very much resembles the horse-radish. Two women living in Bedford scraped and ate some of a root with their beef on New Year's Eve in the belief that they were partaking of horseradish. It turned out to be aconite, and they both died shortly afterward from the effects of the poison.

That the poppy will kill people who look at it seems rather a Munchausen-like statement to make, but it is, nevertheless, a true one. In Asiatic Turkey and adjacent districts many huge fields of this flower are cultivated for the manufacture of opium. In such quantities the blooms give off an odor which, although imperceptible to persons who are accustomed to it, is completely overpowering at first. So deadly is the odor that there are over 100 cases in which visitors to those poppy farms, who have stopped too long to admire, have succumbed to its stupefying powers and died within a very short time.

In some parts of southern China criminals are executed by a plant in a very curious way. One of the numerous species of bamboo to be found there grows very rapidly, often making as much growth as an inch an hour. Over one of these plants the victim is bound and left until the bamboo has sprung up and killed him by piercing his body, which is only a matter of a day or two.

In western Australia is a huge kind of outspread cactus, called the "cannibal tree," often twelve feet in height. This is said by travellers to have the power of dissolving men in the same way that a pitcher plant dissolves a fly. The extent of its powers has not yet been fully proved, but an unlucky dog, who was selected to undergo martyrdom in the cause of science, was completely assimilated.

The Sewing Machine.

Elias Howe has perhaps gained more fame than falls to the lot of most inventors. His product was the sewing machine, which was patented in 1846. This was a simple affair hardly comparable to the complicated, delicately adjusted, marvellously efficient machine of to-day. The value of this invention may be seen from the fact that the cost of all sewn goods has been reduced ten-fold in consequence. The sewing-machine industry now produces 850,000 machines a year and gives employment in America alone to more than a hundred thousand persons.

It has its disadvantages—among others that it has ruined the health of many well-meaning and industrious women—but this is an aspect of the matter for which the machine's great inventor can hardly be blamed.—New York World.

THE MINISTRY OF TEARS.

Dr. Talmage Puts Forth the Misfortunes of Life in Cheerful Manner.

If Our Troubles Are Borne in the Right Spirit They May Prove to Be Advantages--God the First Resort.

[Copyright 1901.]

NEW YORK CITY.—A vast audience crowded the Academy of Music in this city to hear Dr. Talmage. Discoursing on "The Ministry of Tears" he put forth the misfortunes of life in a cheerful light, showing that if they were borne in the right spirit they might prove to be advantages. His text was Rev. vii, 17, "And God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

What a spectacle a few weeks ago when the nations were in tears! Queen Victoria ascended from the highest throne on earth to a throne in heaven. The prayer more often offered than any prayer for the last sixty-four years had been answered, and God did save the Queen. All round the world the bells were tolling, and the minute guns were booming at the obsequies of the most honored woman of many centuries. As near four years ago the English and American nations shook hands in congratulation at the Queen's jubilee, so in these times two nations shook hands in mournful sympathy at the Queen's departure. No people outside Great Britain so deeply felt that mighty grief as our people. The cradles of many of our ancestors were rocked in Great Britain. Those ancestors played in childhood on the banks of the Tweed, or the Thames or the Shannon. Take from our veins the English blood, or the Welsh blood, or the Irish blood, or the Scotch blood, and the stream of our life would be a mere shallow. There are over there bone of our bone, and flesh of our flesh. It is our Wilberforce, our Coleridge, our De Quincey, our Robert Burns, our John Wesley, our John Knox, our Thomas Chalmers, our Walter Scott, our Bishop Charnock, our Latimer, our Ridley, our Robert Emmet, our Daniel O'Connell, our Havelock, our Ruskin, our Gladstone, our good and great and glorious Victoria.

The language in which we offered the English nation our condolence is the same language in which John Bunyan dreamed and Milton sang and Shakespeare dramatized and Richard Baxter prayed and George Whitefield thundered. The Prince of Wales, now King, paid reverential visit to Washington's tomb at Mount Vernon, and Longfellow's statue adorns Westminster Abbey, and Abraham Lincoln in bronze looks down upon Scotland's capital. It was natural that these two nations be in tears. But I am not going to speak of national tears, but of individual tears and Bible tears.

Riding across a Western prairie, wild flowers up to the hub of the carriage wheel and while a long distance from any shelter, there came a sudden shower, and while the rain was falling in torrents the sun was shining as brightly as I ever saw it shine, and I thought what a beautiful spectacle is this! So the tears of the Bible are not midnight storm, but rain on pansied prairies in God's sweet and golden sunlight.

You remember that bottle which David labeled as containing tears and Mary's tears and Paul's tears and Christ's tears and the harvest of joy that is to spring from the sowing of tears. God mixes them; God rounds them; God shows them where to fall; God exhales them. A census is taken of them, and there is a record as to the moment when they are born and as to the place of their grave.

Tears of bad men are not kept. Alexander in his sorrow had the hair clipped from his horses and mules and made a great ado about his grief, but in all the vases of heaven there is not one of Alexander's tears. I speak of the tears of God's children. Alas, me, they are falling all the time!

In summer you sometimes hear the growling thunder, and you see there is a storm miles away, but you know from the drift of the clouds that it will not come anywhere near you; so, though it may be all bright around about you, there is a shower of trouble somewhere all the time. Tears, tears!

What is the use of them, anyhow? Why not substitute laughter? Why not make this a world where all the people are well and eternal strangers to pains and aches? What is the use of an eastern storm when we might have a perpetual nor'wester? Why, when a family is put together, not have them all stay, or, if they must be transplanted to make other homes, then have them all live, the family record telling a story of marriages and births, but of no deaths? Why not have the harvests chase each other without fatiguing toil? Why the hard pillow, the hard crust, the hard struggle? It is easy enough to explain a smile or a success or a congratulation, but come now and bring all your dictionaries and all your philosophies and all your religions and help me explain a tear. A chemist will tell you that it is made up of salt and lime and other component parts, but he misses the chief ingredients—the acid of a soured life, the viperine sting of a bitter memory, the fragments of a broken heart. I will tell you what a tear is. It is agony in solution. Hear, then, while I discourse of the ministry of tears or the practical uses of sorrow:

First, it is the design of trouble to keep this world from being too attractive. Something must be done to make us willing to quit this existence. If it were not for trouble, this world would be a good enough heaven for us. You and I would be willing to take a lease of this life for a hundred million years if there were no trouble. The earth, cushioned and upholstered and pillared and chandeliered at such expense, no story of other worlds could enchant us. We would say: "Let well enough alone. If you want to die and have your body disintegrated in the dust and your soul go out on a celestial adventure, then you can go, but this world is good enough for me." You might as well go to a man who has just entered the Louvre at Paris and tell him to hasten off to the picture galleries of Venice or Florence. "Why," he would say, "what is the use of my going there? There are Rembrandts and Rubenses and Titians here that I have not looked at yet." No man wants to go out of this world or out of any house until he has a better house.

To cure this wish to stay here God must somehow create a disgust for our surroundings. How shall He do it? He cannot afford to efface His horizon, or to tear off a fiery panel from the sunset, or to subtract an anther from the water lily, or to banish the pungent aroma from the mignonette, or to drag the robes of the morning in mire.

You cannot expect a Christopher Wren to mar his St. Paul's cathedral, or a Michael Angelo to dash out his own "Last Judgment," or a Handel to discord his "Israel in Egypt," and you cannot expect God to spoil the architecture and music of His own world. How, then, are we to be made willing to leave? Here is where trouble comes in.

After a man has had a good deal of trouble he says: "Well, I am ready to go. If there is a house somewhere whose roof does not leak, I would like to live there. If there is an atmosphere somewhere that does not distress the lungs, I would like to breathe it. If there is a society somewhere where there is no tittle tattle, I would like to live there. If there is a home circle somewhere where I can find my lost friends, I would like to go there." He used to read the first part of the Bible chiefly. Why has he changed Genesis for Revelation? Ah, he used to be anxious chiefly to know how this world was made and all about its geological construction. Now he is chiefly anxious to know how the next world was made, and how it looks and who live there, and how they dress. He reads Revelation ten times now where he reads Genesis once. The old story, "In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth," does not thrill him half as the other story, "I saw a new heaven and a new earth."

The old man's hand trembles as he turns over this apocalyptical leaf, and he has to take out his handkerchief to wipe his spectacles. The book of Revelation is a prospectus now of the country into which he is soon to immigrate, the country in which he has lots already laid out and avenues opened and mansions built.

It is trouble, my friends, that makes us feel our dependence upon God. We do not know our own weakness or God's strength until the last plank breaks. It is contemptible in us that only when there is nothing else to take hold of we catch hold of God. Why, do you know who the Lord is? He is not an autocrat seated far up in a palace, from which He emerges once a year, preceded by heralds swinging swords to clear the way. No; He is a father, willing at our call to stand by us in every crisis and predicament of life. I tell you what some of you business men make me think of. A man is unfortunate in his business. He has to raise a good deal of money and raise it quickly. He borrows on word and note all he can borrow. After a while he puts a mortgage on his house; after a while he puts a second mortgage on his house. Then he puts a lien on his furniture; then he makes over his life insurance; then he assigns all his property; then he goes to his father-in-law and asks for help. Well, having failed everywhere, completely failed, he gets down on his knees and says: "O Lord, I have tried everybody and everything; now help me out of this financial trouble!" He makes God the last resort instead of the first resort.

A young man goes off from home to earn his fortune. He goes with his mother's consent and benediction. She has large wealth, but he wants to make his own fortune. He goes far away, falls sick and gets out of money. He sends for the hotel keeper where he is staying, asking for lenience, and the answer he gets is, "If you do not pay up Saturday night you'll be removed to the hospital." The young man sends to a comrade in the same building; no help. He writes to a banker who was a friend of his deceased father; no relief. Saturday night comes, and he is moved to the hospital. Getting here, he is frenzied with grief, and he borrows a sheet of paper and a postage stamp, and he sits down, and he writes home: "Dear mother, I am sick unto death. Come." It is twenty minutes of 10 o'clock when she gets the letter. At 10 o'clock the train starts. She is five minutes from the depot. She gets there in time to have five minutes to spare. She wonders why the train that can go forty miles an hour cannot go eighty miles an hour. She rushes into the hospital. She says: "My son, what does all this mean? Why did you not send for me? You sent to everybody but me. You knew I would and could help you. Is this, the reward I get for my kindness to you always?" She bundles him up, takes him home and gets him well very soon.

Now, some of you treat God just as that young man treated his mother. When you get into a financial perplexity you call on the banker, you call on the broker, you call on your creditors, you call on your lawyer for legal counsel, you call upon everybody, and when you cannot get any help then you go to God. You say, "O Lord, I come to Thee! Help me now out of my perplexity." And the Lord comes, though it is in the eleventh hour. He says: "Why did you not send for Me before? As one whom his mother comforteth so will I comfort you." It is to throw us back upon God that we have this ministry of tears.

Your troubles are educational. I go into the office of a lapidary, an artificer in precious stones, and I see him at work on one precious stone for a few minutes, and he puts it aside finished. I see him take up another precious stone, and he works on that all the afternoon, and I come in the next day and still find him working on it, and he is at work on it all the week. I say to him, "Why did you put only twenty minutes' work on that one precious stone and put a whole week on this other?" "Oh," he says, "that one upon which I put only twenty minutes' work is of but little worth, and I soon got through with it. But this precious stone upon which I have put such prolonged and careful work is of vast value, and it is to flash in a king's coronet." So God lets one man go through life with only a little cutting of misfortune, for he does not amount to much, he is a small soul and of comparatively little value, but this other is of great worth, and it is cut of pain, and cut of bereavement, and cut of persecution, and cut of all kinds of trouble, and through many years, and I ask, "Dear Lord, why all this prolonged and severe process?" and God says: "This soul is of infinite value, and it is to flash in a king's coronet. He shall be Mine in the day when I make up My jewels."

You know, on a well-spread table the food becomes more delicate at the last. I have fed you to-day with the bread of consolation. Let the table now be cleared, and let us set on the chalice of heaven. Let the King's cupbearers come in. "Oh," says some critic in the audience, "the Bible contradicts itself. It intimates again and again that there are to be no tears in heaven, and if there be no tears in heaven how is it possible that God will wipe any away?" I answer, "Have you never seen a child crying one moment and laughing the next and while she was laughing you saw the tears still on her face?" And perhaps you stopped her in the very midst of her resumed glee and wiped off those delayed tears. So I think after the heavenly raptures have come upon us there may be the mark of some earthly grief, and while these tears are glittering in the light of the jasper sea God will wipe them away. How well He can do that!

Friends, if we could get any appreciation of what God has in reserve for us, it would make us so homesick we would be unfit for our every-day work. Professor Leonard, formerly of Iowa University, put in my hands a meteoric stone, a stone thrown off from some other world to this. How suggestive it was to me! And I have to tell you the best representations we have of heaven are only aerolites flung off from that world which rolls on, bearing the multitude of the redeemed. We analyze these aerolites and find them crystallizations of tears. No wonder, flung off from heaven! "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes."

Have you any appreciation of the good and glorious times your friends are having in heaven? How different it is when they get news there of a Christian's death from what it is here! It is the difference between embarkation and coming into port.

Everything depends upon which side of the river you stand when you hear of a Christian's death. If you stand on this side of the river, you mourn that they go; if you stand on the other side of the river you rejoice that they come.

Do you not this moment catch a glimpse of the towers? Do you not hear a note of the eternal harmony? Some of you may remember the old Crystal Palace in this city of New York. I came in from my country home a verdant lad and heard in that Crystal Palace the first great music I had ever heard. Jullien gave a concert there, and there were 3000 voices and 3000 players upon instruments, and I was mightily impressed with the fact that Jullien controlled the harmony with the motion of his hand and foot, beating time with the one and emphasizing with the other. To me it was overwhelming. But all that was tame compared with the scene and the sound when the ransomed shall come from the east, and the west, and the north, and the south, and sit down in the kingdom of God, myriads above myriads, galleries above galleries, and Christ will rise, and all heaven will rise with Him, and with His wounded hand and wounded foot He will conduct that harmony. "Like the voice of many waters, like the voice of mighty thunderings, worthy is the Lamb that was slain to receive riches and honor and glory and power, world without end."

He Lost Nothing.

She—So he loved and lost?

He—No; he merely didn't get her. She had no money.

Final

There is an end to acute suffering when

St. Jacobs Oil

promptly cures

Sciatica

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St.,
New York.

We make a specialty of mince meat—employ the best skill—use the best materials.

We stake our fame on it. We use it to advertise the many other good things that we make.

LIBBY'S MINCE MEAT

A package makes two large pies. Your grocer will furnish it if you ask him. You will find it better than home-made—better than any mince meat you ever tasted. You'll eat Libby's foods thereafter.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Our book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," sent free.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results.

Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

USE CERTAIN CROUP CHILL CORN CURE. 25 50 75

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

It Is a Mystery.

"There's one fact," remarked the Sweet Thing, "I can't understand about discovering those new stars."

"What's that?" asked the professor.

"How they manage to find out their names."

When a Chinaman is very swagger he becomes possessor of a cheap American clock. These alarm clocks have found their way into every city and town in the empire. There is nothing the Celestial is so proud of as his alarm clock. If you take up a dozen photographs of Chinese you will see that they always have the little clock on the table at their elbow.

Care of the Baby.

To keep the skin clean is to keep it healthy; every mother should therefore see that her baby is given a daily bath in warm water with Ivory Soap. The nursery should also be well aired and cleaned, and all clothing washed with Ivory Soap, well rinsed and dried in the sun.

ELIZA R. PARKER.

A recruiting officer who has been in Iowa says that the percentage of men accepted in that State on offering themselves for army service is considerably above the average in any other State. Enlistments in Iowa are largely from the farms, and the vast majority of young fellows who offer themselves are young, strong and hardy.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

One authority on botany estimates that over 50,000 species of plants are now known and classified.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften thegums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

The date of the Johnstown flood was May 31, 1889.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

A century ago $20 had as much purchasing power in Paris as $50 has to-day.

Read Prof. S. A. WELTMER's advertisement in this paper. It should be of interest to you.

In South Australia there are only eighty-five women for every 100 men.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

Our grandmothers never played golf, but they had their tea caddies.

In twenty years the population of Los Angeles, Cal., has increased 100,000.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by all druggists.

Great Britain is shipping firewood from Victoria, Australia, for the use of her troops in China.

A Record

Of almost a century has proven that Crab Orchard Water is a reliable specific for Sick Headache, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Give it a trial.

An American bank has been organized in Rotterdam, Holland.

"SALZER'S SEEDS WILL MAKE YOU RICH"

This is a daring statement, but Salzer's seeds bear it out every time.

Combination Corn.

Greatest corn on earth. Will positively revolutionize corn growing.

Billion Dollar Grass.

Greatest marvel of the age. 11 tons of hay per acre. Fired crop six weeks after sowing.

What Is It?

Catalogue tells.

FOR 10c. STAMPS and this NOTICE we mail big seed catalog, 10 Grain Samples including above, also Spelta (80 lbs. per A.) Oats, (250 bushel per A.) Rape, Barley, (175 lbs. per A.) Peanut, etc. Worth $10, to get a start.

John A. Salzer Seed Co. La Crosse, Wis.

WET WEATHER WISDOM!

THE ORIGINAL TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER

BLACK OR YELLOW

WILL KEEP YOU DRY NOTHING ELSE WILL

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

CATALOGUES FREE

SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

25 CENTS PER ROD FOR THE BEST FENCE MADE OF WIRE

P. M. MISHLER HAGERSTOWN, M'D.

WILLS PILLS—BIGGEST OFFER EVER MADE.

For only 10 Cents we will send to any P. O. address, 10 days' treatment of the best medicine on earth, and put you on the track how to make Money right at your home. Address all orders to The H. B. Wills Medicine Company, 23 Elizabeth St., Hagerstown, Md. Branch Offices: 129 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Estab. '82 **SCALES** of every description. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for prices. JESSE MARDEN 109 S. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. B N U 11.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

UNDER THE SNOW.

Ghastly Truths Revealed on the Disappearance of Winter's White Mantle.

Deadly dangers lurk in the ground left bare by the departing snow. All Winter long there have been accumulating deadly disease germs.

These have been protected and kept alive by the covering of snow and now, with the first warm days, these death-bringing microbes are awakened by the rays of the sun, and as the ground dries they are carried to all corners of the community in the dust that is blown everywhere by the Spring winds.

The human body at this time is particularly susceptible to these germs, especially the germs of fevers. The system has been depleted by the foregoing Winter. The blood is sluggish and filled with impurities. The nerves have not recovered from the tension they have been under for the past months. The stomach, the bowels, the kidneys, the liver are all at their worst.

It is, therefore, not strange that these germs of disease find fertile ground in which to thrive, flourish and develop into deadly ills.

Spring is the time of year when one should fear an attack of fever, especially when the system is depleted, one should dread any severe illness. The vitality is at a low ebb. There is less power of resistance to throw off disease, and it is on this account that fatalities are so much greater during the Spring months than at any other time of the year.

There is but one way to ward off such dangers, and that is to fortify the human body so that it will become impregnable to the germs of invading disease.

To do this take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build you up quickly, it will re-establish your waning appetite, it will give you restful nights of sleep, it will give vim and vigor to the nerves, and it will dispel all existing poisons that have accumulated in the body besides counteracting the effects of others that may accumulate.

Following is an instance that will illustrate the wonderful power of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

Sheriff Jonas T. Stevens, who is sheriff of Hyde Park, Vt., says:—"I have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy especially as a blood purifier. I had a very severe humor on my arms, accompanied by a very bad itching, so severe that I could not sleep nights, causing me great inconvenience by the loss of sleep by the itching. A friend advised me to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which I did with the most satisfactory results, for the trouble has entirely disappeared, and I can now rest comfortably nights and have none of my former misery from the burning, itching sensations."

Remember Dr. Greene's advice will be given to any one desiring same absolutely free if they will write or call upon him at his office, 35 W. 14th St., New York City.

DYSPEPSIA

yields to nature's medicine,

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

It easily cures Dyspepsia and all stomach, liver, kidney and bowel disorders. An unrivalled aperient and laxative; invigorates and tones the whole system. A natural water of the highest medicinal value, concentrated to make it easier and cheaper to bottle, ship and use. A 6-oz. bottle is equal to 2 gallons of uncondensed water.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Crab apple trade mark on every bottle.

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

RESCUE From SICKNESS and SUFFERING.

WELTMERISM, the drugless science of healing originated, practiced and taught by Prof. S. A. WELTMER, has rescued more hopeless cases than any other known method. All who desire Health and Happiness or a Paying Profession should write at once for special offer and a free copy of "Weltmerism", fully illustrated. Address

PROF S. A. WELTMER,
206 S. Ash St. Nevada, Mo.

WANTED LADY SOLICITORS of good address and character to introduce and sell "DISINFECTINE" SOAP; the healing-wonder of modern times. Guaranteed for the prevention of contagion and cure of any skin disease. Popular price. Repeats everywhere. Exclusive territory. Steady, good-paying employment. DISINFECTINE CO., Canton, Ohio.

For the Family

All ages hail with delight the coming of the most wonderful, meritorious preparation that will lighten the ills of humanity and will do away with the taking of obnoxious, violent purges, inconvenient liquids, and pills that tear your life out. Simply because in CASCARETS Candy Cathartic you will find just what you want, convenient in form, pleasant of taste (just like candy) and of never-failing remedial action. They have found a place in millions of homes, and are the favorite medicine of the whole family, from baby to good old grandpa.

Dont be fooled with substitutes for CASCARETS!

a respite.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"I take pleasure in praising your valuable remedy CASCARETS. I and my whole family received relief from the first small box we tried. I certainly recommend CASCARETS for the cures they make and trust they will find a place in every home. Yours for success."

PETER WEBB, Jr.,
Palm Grove Ave., McKeesport, Pa.

Conflicting Emotions.

Mrs. Joy- ...n, run for the phy-

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. 461

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Add: STERLING REMEDY CO., New York or Chicago.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 14, 1901.

On to Success in 1901.

WE'VE made our mark in the past dozen years and we've sold all the way from 10,000 to 30,000 pairs of shoes a year, and we expect to sell more in 1901 than in any previous year.

Our plans are perfected.

We have formed connections with the best manufacturers in the country. From them we buy as cheap as any concern in the country, large or small.

We carry stocks that are unsurpassed anywhere.

We name prices that are seldom matched and rarely beaten.

We freely right every wrong—no sale is completed until you are satisfied.

Mingle's Shoe Store.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m.; Spring Mills 2.30 p. m.

Reformed—Union, 10 a. m.; Spring Mills, 2.30 p. m.; Centre Hall, 7. p. m

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

Dinges Property for Rent.

The Dinges brick dwelling of nine rooms and summer kitchen, also large barn, garden and fruit are offered for rent. A desirable property. See H. W. Dinges, Centre Hall, Pa.

Change of Postoffice Address.

Subscribers to the Reporter who expect to move this spring, should give timely notice. Give the office to which your paper is sent and the one to which you wish it mailed.

South Carolina Rock at $13 50.

D. W. Bradford is selling a car of South Carolina phosphate, analyzing 14 per cent. phosphoric acid, at $13.50 cash. This is an excellent grade of goods and the price is such as to leave no chance of being able to buy for less elsewhere. See his advertisement in another column in this issue.

College Orators Compete.

Paul Kiefer, of Franklin and Marshall College, was awarded the first prize in the Pennsylvania Inter-Collegiate Oratorical Union. The subject was, "The Significance of the Unintended." Ex-Judge A. O. Furst, of Bellefonte, and Prof. F. L. Pattee, of State College, were among the judges.

Chased by a Catamount.

Little Lottie Green, of Honeville, Clinton county, tried to frighten a catamount by rattling a tin pail and crying "scat." The animal instead of running away, chased the little girl to the house, and as she entered the door she slammed it which struck the animal and knocked it back into the yard.

Bellefonte School Board Brings Suit.

The Bellefonte borough school board entered suit for its portion of the $500,000 cut from the school appropriation by Governor Stone. The case will be watched with great interest, owing to the fact that Judge Love has ruled adversely in a similar case. The case will be argued Saturday of this week at Harrisburg.

Repairing Lemont Creamery Station.

Thomas Wilson and Charles Mayes, of Centre Hall, have been at Lemont for several days repairing the plant of the Howard Creamery Co. in that place. The Lemont station, under the careful management of Geo. Ralston, is considered one of the best paying stations in the possession of the company.

Going West.

J. A. Sankey, of Potters Mills, this week starts for Vernon, Woodson county, Kansas, where he will engage in farming. Mr. Sankey will take with him five head of registered Holstein-Friesian cows and calves, together with household goods and dairy machinery. Mrs. Sankey will follow in a few days. The community will greatly miss such a worthy young man, and the community in which he settles will gain an excellent citizen. He is up to date in methods, and well versed on farm topics.

Profitable Rains.

The earth for the past week was in a condition to receive and retain much of the rain which fell during that time. This condition is very favorable to crop growing later on in the season. Last spring the early rains fell on frozen ground, the soil receiving no benefit whatever from them, which caused the growing crops during May to suffer greatly. When the earth is well filled with water the capillary action of the soil furnishes much moisture for growing plants, but when the earth's reservoirs are empty this action is impossible and plant life suffers, unless there are very frequent showers.

BOILER BURST.

At the Douty Saw Mill, Near Rebersburg—The Fireman Badly Injured.

The boiler of the engine at the saw mill of Wm. Douty, near Rebersburg, burst Tuesday morning. The explosion wrecked about one-third of the building, and seriously injured three of the workmen at the mill. The fireman, Henry Wolfort, was thrown fifteen feet through a door and sustained serious injuries. He was picked up more dead than alive. A later examination proved that his leg was broken between the knee and thigh, and that he was bruised and cut in many places. Wallace Bierly, who was also in the mill at the time, had his nose broken by the flying debris and was badly scalded. Reuben Musser was also more or less injured.

The exact cause of the explosion has not been ascertained. Investigation revealed that a number of stay bolts of the boiler had been previously broken, which greatly weakened the fire box The men about the mill and the fireman assert that the water gauge indicated that the boiler was three-quarters full of water. It is altogether likely that the connections were clogged, and that the water gauge did not represent the true condition of affairs, and that the boiler burst on account of lack of water. The accident occurred before six o'clock.

The engine was a twenty horse power, with a boiler of the five-box pattern. The explosion tore the boiler completely from the engine and pitched it exactly seventy-two feet over an embankment. In its flight to its final resting place, the boiler passed through the roof of the building and over the heads of Sawyer Reedy and the truckman. Recovering from their fright in a moment, they went to the rescue of their fellow workmen whom they saw needed assistance.

The mill after the wreck looked greatly dilapidated, and will require the expenditure of considerable money to be put into running order again. The mill is the property of Wm. Douty, who is doing business near Centre Hall, and was operated by his brother, A. H. Douty, on a tract of woodland located one and one-half miles south west of Rebersburg, in Kleckner's Gap, recently purchased from 'Squire Reifsnyder.

The young man who was so severely injured is married and lives in Rebersburg. His physician hopes for his recovery barring anything unforseen at this stage.

Thomas H. Harman Dead.

Thomas H. Harman, a resident of Lock Haven, died at his home last week. Mr. Harman was one of the most public spirited men in the county and did much for the improvement of Lock Haven and Mill Hall.

Public School Library.

Miles township is setting a good example to other districts by contributing liberally toward the purchase of a library for Rebersburg school. $50 00 have already been secured. It should be deemed a privilege to subscribe towards such a cause.

State College Gets a Library.

A bill finally passed the legislature to accept from Andrew Carnegie the donation of $100,000 for the erection of a library building for the use of the Pennsylvania State College, pledging faith of the state to fulfill the condition on which said donation is made, and making said college, as far as the purposes of this act are concerned, a part of the public school system of this state.

Young Men Going West.

Today, Thursday, is the day set by Messrs. Bruce Goodhart, Milton Benner, John Wert, Frank Bible and Laurence Runkle to start for Illinois, where they have been assured work for the coming summer. These young men are all from the south side of Potter township and are able and energetic and command the best wages. Messrs. Goodhart and Benner have been in the west before, and have promised to show the others the big elephant.

Taken to Philadelphia.

Herman Transue, the Porter township man who had his back broken a few months ago, by a falling tree, was taken to the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Dr. Dumm having secured his admission into that institution. So far the specialists are of the opinion that the spinal cord is torn out, and there is little hope for the man. It is the intention to take X ray views of the injury while Mr. Transue is in different positions. To accomplish this will require about one week's time.

Held Up in Mifflin County.

David Bolinger, aged 26 years, while on his way from his home in Black Log to the home of relatives near Granville, Mifflin county, was attacked by three men on the main road between the mountains recently and robbed of all his money, $7.30. One man seized him by the throat and another held a pistol to his head during the operation. They took his coat and vest and an extra pair of pants he had on over his working clothes. They also exchanged hats and shoes with him, but by pleading he was permitted to retain his mackintosh coat

GENERAL HARRISON DEAD.

The Former President's End Came at 4.45 P. M. Wednesday.—It Was Painless.

General Benjamin Harrison died at 4 45 o'clock Wednesday. His end was quiet and painless. He was in a comatose condition when he passed away, all efforts to restore him to consciousness having failed.

DIED AT THE AGE OF NINETY.

Samuel Orndorf, of Woodward, Died of Paralysis Saturday.

Samuel Orndorf, of Woodward, the oldest resident of that place, died from the effects of paralysis Saturday evening at eight o'clock. He had been ailing for the past two weeks, but prior to that he had been in good spirits for a man of his advanced age, which was three months less than ninety years. He was a member of the Evangelical Association for many years; the funeral took place Wednesday morning. The children who survive are Samuel, Loganton; Benjamin, at home; Mrs. James Ketner, Mrs. Aaron Stover, Mrs. Harvey Hoover, Woodward; Mrs. James Beck, Penns Cave; Mrs. C. W. Kleckner, Millheim; Mrs. Lincoln Confer, Sugar Valley; Mrs. Harry Garrett, Sugar Valley. Mrs. John Snyder, of Woodward, died some years ago.

BANK BURGLARIZED.

Three Masked Men Blow Open a Safe at Bellwood with Nitro-glycerine.

Early Monday morning three masked men broke into the bank at Bellwood and blew open the safe with nitro-glycerine. The explosion blew off the outer door of the safe and wrecked a portion of the office. The appearance of a number of citizens frightened the burglars away before they could empty the safe which contained besides the usual funds $15,000 to pay off railroad employees.

They secured $100 in cash, postage stamps valued at $450, and several valuable watches which had been left at the bank for safe keeping. The postage stamps were the property of the Bellwood postoffice, and were kept in the bank at night. Some valuable papers were also carried away.

TWO DEATHS.

Father and Daughter Lie Corpses Near Aaronsburg.

Miss Margaret Stover, daughter of Daniel W. Stover, east of Aaronsburg, died early Tuesday morning at her father's home, and at noon of the same day the father died. Both were afflicted with cancer, and suffered the greater part of the entire winter. The funeral will take place Friday, and both will be laid in the same grave. Mr. Stover was aged about eighty years, and the daughter about fifty years. Father Stover was respected by all who knew him, and every one had a kind word for him.

The remaining children are Mrs. Emanuel Bower and Mrs. Benjamin Jackson, of near Aaronsburg, and Luther, at home.

Henry Wolf Dead.

Henry Wolf, president of the Farmers' Bank, Mifflinburg, died Tuesday morning, aged some sixty years. He located in Mifflinburg before his marriage to Miss Ellen Moss, more than fifty years ago, and was prominently connected with the business of the town during that time. Deceased leaves a widow and three children, namely, Emma, wife of Prof. P. M. Bickle, Gettysburg; Edith, wife of Hon. B. K. Focht, Lewisburg, and Harry, Mifflinburg. John Wolf, of Rebersburg, and Rev. E. J. Wolf, D. D., Gettysburg, are brothers, and Mrs. Daniel Zeigler, Millheim, is a sister. The late Wm. Wolf, of Centre Hall, was also a brother.

Evangelical Appointments.

Rev. James L. Boyer, Sugar Valley; Rev. A. H. Doerstler, Penns Valley; Rev. J. F. Fenstermacker, Spring Mills.

Sick at Potters Mills.

John McClenahan, who has been ill with consumption for some time, is not improving. Tuesday he was considered in a very weak condition.

Father David Evans has improved sufficiently to be about again. Homer Treaster is also improving.

Caught a Deer.

Elmer McClellan, near Tusseyville, last week captured a live deer, about a year old Dogs had chased the fleet-foot out of the mountains and much exhausted from its long run it was unable to elude Mr. McClellan, who managed to chase it into a deep snow bank, where it was taken prisoner.

Deaths in Nearby Counties

Clinton—George Miller, in Sugar Valley, aged thirty-eight years.

In Lock Haven, T. Mackey Abrams, aged forty-six years.

Union—John A. Church, in Hartley township, aged eighty-five years. He was a veteran and prominent citizen.

In Lewisburg, Jackson Lenhart, aged eighty-two years. At the same place, John Neyhart, aged seventy-three years. Also, Mrs. Jane Rynehart, after being an invalid for six years, at the age of seventy-six years.

Mifflin—Mrs. Margaret Kauffman, in Lewistown, aged eighty-four years.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Col. Bryan was in Philadelphia Tuesday.

The Superior Court is in session at Harrisburg.

Miss Anna Breon, west of Centre Hall, is ill.

Mrs. Willis W. Rishel, of Montgomery, is visiting about Spring Mills.

J. S. Meyer, Penn Hall, offers some fine poultry and eggs for sale. See ad. next week.

Mrs. Dr. Kidder, of Boalsburg, who was quite ill with pulmonary trouble is rapidly improving.

The Delaware Legislature adjourned without having filled either vacancy in the United States Senate.

Henry J. Smith, postmaster at Saladasburg, has been missing from his home since last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Meyer will attend the funeral of Mrs. Simon P. Moyer, at Womelsdorf, Friday of this week.

James Packard, Esq., of Lewistown, who for many years was clerk to the county commissioners, died Tuesday morning.

George A. Bonnet, a switchman employed by the R. R. & P. R. R., was instantly killed in the yards at Big Run last week.

The Stone house owned by Harry Fearon, below Beech Creek, was destroyed by fire Monday evening. The dwelling was unoccupied at the time.

On account of the poor attendance at the school taught by Daniel J. Koch, at Fairbrook, the school board has decided to close it with a five months' term.

Wild ducks were flying in the vicinity of Aaronsburg. Charles Acker succeeded in shooting one; it was small and somewhat resembled a tame Rouen duck.

The Colyer cornet band purchased the Washington cornet band wagon for seventy-five dollars, and is having it remodeled by J. M. Wieland, at Boalsburg.

Alice, a little granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. D Brisbin, of this place, is seriously ill with pneumonia at the home of her parents, in Hartford, Connecticut.

Mrs. J. B. Kreamer, of Rebersburg, who for the last two months was visiting her daughter, Mrs. David Solly, at Roanoke, Va., returned home this week, delighted with her trip.

The remains of Thomas J. Stiver were removed Saturday from Tusseyville to the cemetery at this place, and now rest beside those of his wife, Mrs. Mary F Stiver, whose death occurred a short time ago.

Joshua T. Potter, spent a few days last week with his son W. Harry, who is attending Lebanon Business College. Harry completed the commercial course about two months ago, and will receive his diploma some time in May.

Mrs. Priscilla Glenn, Mrs. D. E. Hepler and Mrs. Mary Glenn, of Lemont, and Mrs. Josephine Pierce and Mrs. Elizabeth Bierly, of State College, attended the annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society which met at Tyrone last week.

Elmer F. Yarnell, of near Pine Grove Mills, started for Stark county, Ohio, on Wednesday to engage in farming. His public sale on Monday was well attended; cattle sold low, while horses brought fair prices. Total amount of sale was $919 35.

Hon. Paris Gibson was elected United States Senator from Montana on the twenty-second ballot Friday night of last week. Mr. Gibson was a member of the State constitutional convention, and of the first Senate of the State Legislature. He has always been a strong Democrat.

The Danville parties interested in the knitting mill at Millheim were in that place Tuesday, and at a meeting held that night it was decided that the mill should be kept running. Millheim people are much elated over the fact as the mill gives employment to a number of men and girls.

Read the communication of "Dixie" headed "The Local Newspaper" in another column. After you read it, see whether you can't afford to send the Reporter a year to one of your family or dear friend that is away from home, and whom you would like to keep an interest in Centre county.

James L. Ettinger, of Aaronsburg, Tuesday morning started for Casey, Guthrie county, Iowa, with his wife and family of six children, and expects to reach his destination, this, Thursday, morning. Mr. Ettinger came east twelve years ago, located in Aaronsburg and married Miss Minnie Shaffer, and now is really only moving home, since his mother and two brothers live in Casey. Mr. and Mrs. Ettinger were greatly pleased with the result of the sale of their personal property.

Area of Pennsylvania.

Pennsylvania has an area of 44,985 square miles, and Centre county 1,130, the fifth largest county in the state.

Salary of $1,000,000 a Year.

Charles M. Schwab receives a salary of $1,000,000 a year to manage the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation. He formerly got but $800,000. There must be a fair profit in the steel business.

Evangelical Appointments.

Rev. W. W. Rhoads, former pastor of the Centre Hall United Evangelical charge, has been appointed to Grover, Bradford county.

Rev. J. F. Shultz is the new pastor of this charge. See the appointments elsewhere.

Marriage Licenses.

John W. Miller and Mary M. Snyder, Pine Grove Mills.

Harry Jaffe and Anna Silverstein, Philipsburg.

Harry E. Stover and Ella Gault, Bellefonte.

Alfred F. Showers and Stella Gault, Bellefonte.

Ralph E. Shontz and Martha B. Shultz, Bellefonte.

Transfer of Real Estate.

John Stoner, et. ux., to Louisa Walters, et. al., in trust, dated June 3, 1899, 154 acres, Potter township; consideration $3000.

Nancy E. Johnstonbaugh, st. baron, to John Guiser, March 9, 1901, 31 acres and 94 perches, Walker twp.; consideration, $2700.

Anna R. Royer to H. N. Orwig, March 1, 1901, 123 acres and 99 perches, Gregg township; consideration, $2800.

REPAIRING old Wheels costs more than new ones when you can buy 4 Buggy Wheels with Tire on and Boxes set for $7.25. I make all sizes and grades with Steel or Rubber Tire, ¾ to 4 in. Tread. Rubber Tire Buggies from $65 to $95. Call at factory or write for catalogue. I manufacture and handle a full line of Carriage and Wagon Hardware. Also Bicycle goods, Nails, Plumber's supplies, Dynamite, etc. W. W. BOOB, Centre Hall, Pa.

The Star!

GEO. O. BENNER, . . Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1889.

We have a few things that we wish to call your attention to again, in which we know you are interested and of which we know you will save money by buying of us. Here are a few of them:

American washing machine, $3.50
Enterprise clothes wringer, a good one, $2.25
Glass wash board, 35 cts.
Chain pumps, complete, and all supplies, price right.
Building paper per roll, 50 cts
Tar paper, No. 2 and 3, price right.
Cross-cut saw, complete, 5½ ft. cut, $1.25.
Clothes basket, dirt cheap, 25 cts.
Cant-hook handles, 20 cts.
Arbuckles coffee, 2 lbs. for 25 cts.
Banner lye, 10 cts.
Choice pickles per doz., 6 cts.
"Snow Flake" flour, 50 lb. sack, $1.00.
Fresh corn meal, 12 " 25 cts.
Salt fish in pails and ½ bbls., price right.
Florida oranges and California lemons.

Potatoes Wanted.

THE STAR.

CLEARING SALE!

Beginning with March 1st and closing with March 23rd I offer one-fourth off on all Winter Goods, as follows:

Men's, Women's and Children's Underwear, Woolen Hose, Mittens, Gloves, Men's and Boys' Caps, Men's Jersey and Wool Shirts, Duck Coats, Children's Coats, Hoods and Capes, Horse and Bed Blankets, Plush Lap Robes, Felt Boot Combinations, Lumbermen's Gums, BUCKLE ARTICS, WOMEN'S WARM LINED SHOES & SLIPPERS.

A small lot of Men's and Boys' Storm Coats at ONE-THIRD OFF—a bargain.

In addition we have a lot of odds and ends in Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes and Rubbers, which must go regardless of cost.

S. M. Swartz, Tusseyville.

Public Sale Register.

MARCH 16, Saturday.—Wm. H. Blauser, one mile south of Spring Mills, at 1 p. m., farm stock and implements.

MARCH 18—Ezra Tressler, one mile south of Linden Hall, at 9 a. m.; all his farm stock and implements

MARCH 20—John Wolf, Rebersburg, farm stock, implements and household goods. All implements and stock on farm.

MARCH 21, Thursday, David Bohn, two miles south of Bodsburg, on the Sparr farm, eight horses, nine cows, 14 head of young stock, hogs and farm implements. Sale at 9 o'clock.

John F. Breon—March 21, Spring Mills, farm stock, implements, etc.

MARCH 22—Mrs M B. Richards, Centre Hall, at 1 o'clock; household goods.

MARCH 23—G. W. Ocker, Centre Hall, 1 p. m.; household goods.

Joint Sale.—Annie R. Royer will offer for sale, at the same time and place of George W. Ocker's sale in Centre Hall, March 23, one horse, 7 years old and will work anywhere, cow, carrying third calf, calf old from fall, hay and straw.

MARCH 25—Speer Burrell, one mile east of Penn Hall, 10 a. m; farm stock and implements and steam cooker.

MARCH 26—John C. Bible, at Stone Mill, 10 a. m. farm stock, implements, etc.

FEBRUARY 28, Thursday, at Potters Mills, at the residence of John Harper, one cow, and household goods.

MARCH 28, Thursday.—Mrs. John Showers, about 2 1-2 miles west of Centre Hall, at 1 p. m., farm stock and implements.

MARCH 29—Leonard Rhone, three miles west of Old Fort, at 10 a. m.; horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and farm implements.

MARCH 30, Saturday, at 1 p. m., Centre Hall, at the residence of J. W. Wolf, one fine Jersey cow, household goods, etc.

APRIL 1, at 12 o'clock, Rebecca Cummings and A. J. Cummings, adm'r., 2½ miles east of Linden Hall; farm stock and implements.

APRIL 2—At 10 a. m., 1½ miles east of Centre Hill, on the Bernard Wagner farm, the personal property of the late A. E Meyer, Edward Sellers, Administrator; 6 work horses, 26 head head of cattle, 40 fine sheep, lot of hogs and farm implements.

APRIL 6, Saturday, 12 o'clock, ¾ mile south of Colyer, the personal property of David E. Young, deceased horses, cows, implements and household goods. David F. and Maggie E. Young, Executors.

We are adding a

Men's and Boys' SHOE DEPARTMENT

TO OUR

CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods STORE.

Watch for Announcement.

We intend making this the best shoe store for men and boys

IN CENTRE COUNTY.

It will give you an opportunity to save money and also give us a chance to make this the largest, the best and the most popular MEN'S STORE in Central Pennsylvania. You know we do nothing by HALVES; everything will be FIRST-CLASS. SEE US IS ALL WE ASK.

New Spring Clothing and Gents' Wear of Every Description

are arriving DAILY. Stock not complete yet by any means, but enough of the choice new things are already here to tempt you to an early purchase. It will be much to your advantage to give us a call whether you buy or not.

See and Judge for Yourself.

M. FAUBLE & SON,

BELLEFONTE, PA.